

# AC1900 Cable Modem Voice Router

# Model C7100V User Manual



September 2020 202-11722-08

350 East Plumeria Drive San Jose, CA 95134 USA

#### Support and Community

Visit *netgear.com/support* to get your questions answered and access the latest downloads.

You can also check out our NETGEAR Community for helpful advice at *community.netgear.com*.

Customer-owned cable devices might not be compatible with certain cable networks. Check with your cable Internet provider to confirm that this NETGEAR cable device is allowed on your cable network.

If you are experiencing trouble installing your modem router, contact NETGEAR at 1-866-874-8924.

#### **Regulatory and Legal**

For regulatory compliance information including the EU Declaration of Conformity, visit *https://www.netgear.com/about/regulatory/*.

See the regulatory compliance document before connecting the power supply.

For NETGEAR's Privacy Policy, visit *https://www.netgear.com/about/privacy-policy*. By using this device, you are agreeing to NETGEAR's Terms and Conditions at *https://www.netgear.com/about/terms-and-conditions*. If you do not agree, return the device to your place of purchase within your return period.

Note to CATV system Installer: This reminder is provided to call the CATV systems installer's ttention to Section 820-93 of the National Electrical Code, which provides guidelines for proper grounding and, in particular, specifies that coaxial cable shield shall be connected to the rounding system of the building as close to the point of cable entry as practical.

#### Trademarks

© NETGEAR, Inc., NETGEAR and the NETGEAR Logo are trademarks of NETGEAR, Inc. Any non-NETGEAR trademarks are used for reference purposes only.

#### Chapter 1 Hardware Overview

Package Contents	i.
Front Panel	
Top Panel WPS Button 10	l.
Rear Panel	l.
Product Label	
Install an Optional Battery 12	
Replace the Battery 12	
Position Your Modem Router 13	
Install and Activate Your Modem Router	
Connect Your Modem Router to a Computer	
Call Comcast XFINITY to Activate Internet Service and Register the Voice Tele	
Lines	
Perform a Speed Test 16	1
Set Up the Modem Router in Bridge Mode 16	0

#### Chapter 2 Connect to the Network and Access the Modem Router

Connect to the Network	19
Wired Connection	19
WiFi Connection	19
Types of Logins	20
Log In to the Modem Router	21
Access the Modem Router With the NETGEAR genie App	22

#### Chapter 3 Specify Your Internet Settings

Specify the Cable Connection Starting Frequency	24
View Modem Router Initialization.	25
Manually Set Up the Internet Connection	26
Specify an IPv6 Internet Connection	27
Change the MTU Size	28

#### Chapter 4 Control Access to the Internet

Set Up Parental Controls
Block Access to Your Network
Use Keywords to Block Internet Sites
Delete a Keyword
Block Services From the Internet
Schedule When to Block Internet Sites and Services
Avoid Blocking on a Trusted Computer
Set Up Security Event Email Notifications
Manage Services
Enable or Disable NAT

#### Chapter 5 Share USB Devices Attached to the Modem Router

USB Storage Device Requirements 4	4
-----------------------------------	---

Connect a USB Storage Device to the Modem Router	
Access a USB Drive Connected to the Modem Router From a Windows Compute	r45
Map a USB Device to a Windows Network Drive	
Access a USB Storage Device That Is Connected to the Modem Router From a M	lac46
Control Access to the USB Storage Device	
Use FTP Within the Network	
View Network Folders on a USB Storage Device	
Add a Network Folder on a USB Storage Device	
Edit a Network Folder on a USB Storage Device	
Approve USB Devices	
Access the USB Storage Device Through the Internet	
Set Up FTP Access Through the Internet	
Access the USB Storage Device Through the Internet With FTP	
Safely Remove a USB Storage Device	

#### Chapter 6 Share a USB Printer

Install the Printer Driver and Cable the Printer	59
Download the ReadySHARE Printer Utility	59
Install the ReadySHARE Printer Utility	60
Use the Shared Printer	61
View or Change the Status of a Printer	62
Use the Scan Feature of a Multifunction USB Printer	63
Change NETGEAR USB Control Center Settings	64

## Chapter 7 Voice Telephone Lines

Connect a Telephone Line	67
View the Voice Status.	67
View the MTA Call List	68
View the EMTA Event Log	69

## Chapter 8 Specify Network Settings

View or Change WAN Settings 71
Set Up a Default DMZ Server
Manually Configure LAN Switch Ports
Change the Modem Router's Device Name
Change the LAN TCP/IP Settings
Specify the IP Addresses That the Modem Router Assigns
Disable the DHCP Server Feature in the Modem Router
Manage LAN IP Addresses
Reserve an IP Address
Edit a Reserved IP Address Entry 78
Delete a Reserved IP Address Entry79
Improve Network Connections With Universal Plug-N-Play
Use the WPS Wizard for WiFi Connections
Specify Basic WiFi Settings 81
Change the WiFi Security Option

Set Up a Guest Network	84
Specify WPS Settings	85

## Chapter 9 Manage Your Network

Change the admin Password	88
View Modem Router Status	89
Display Internet Port Statistics	89
Check the Internet Connection Status	91
View the Battery Status	92
View and Manage Logs of Modem Router Activity	92
View Event Logs	94
Run the Ping Utility	95
Run the Traceroute Utility	96
Monitor Internet Traffic	97
View Devices Currently on the Network	98
Manage the Modem Router Configuration File	99
Back Up Settings	99
Restore Configuration Settings10	00
Erase the Current Configuration Settings10	01
View Wireless Access Points in Your Area10	01
View or Change the Modem Router Wireless Channel	02
Dynamic DNS	03
Specify a DNS Account10	04
Change the Dynamic DNS Settings10	04
Remote Management	05

## Chapter 10 Specify Internet Port Settings

Set Up Port Forwarding to a Local Server
Add a Custom Port Forwarding Service
Edit a Port Forwarding Service110
Delete a Port Forwarding Entry 111
Application Example: Make a Local Web Server Public
How the Modem Router Implements the Port Forwarding Rule
Set Up Port Triggering
Add a Port Triggering Service113
Application Example: Port Triggering for Internet Relay Chat

## Chapter 11 Troubleshooting

Troubleshoot with the LEDs	116
Power LED Is Off	116
LEDs Never Turn Off	116
Internet LED Is Off	116
Troubleshoot the Cable Internet Connection	116
Cannot Log In to the Modem Router	117
Changes Not Saved	118
WiFi Connectivity	118

Phone Does Not Get a Dial Tone	119
Use LEDs to Troubleshoot	119
Troubleshoot Your Network Using the Ping Utility	120
Test the LAN Path to Your Modem Router	120
Test the Path From Your Computer to a Remote Device	121

## Appendix A Supplemental Information

Factory Settings 1	23
Technical Specifications	24

## **Hardware Overview**



The modem router provides you with an easy and secure way to set up a WiFi home network with fast Internet access through a coaxial cable and two VoIP telephone lines. The modem router battery (sold separately) provides up to five hours of talk time and eight hours or idle time for voice service during a power outage.

The modem router delivers combined WiFi connection speeds. High-powered amplifiers with antennas provide WiFi coverage anywhere around your home, inside or out.

To set up your new modem router, use the installation guide. This chapter provides supplemental information that can help you with the setup.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Package Contents
- Front Panel
- Top Panel WPS Button
- Rear Panel
- Product Label
- Install an Optional Battery
- Replace the Battery
- Position Your Modem Router
- Install and Activate Your Modem Router
- Set Up the Modem Router in Bridge Mode

## **Package Contents**

Your package includes the following items.



Figure 1. Package contents

## **Front Panel**

The front panel contains status LEDs. Use the LEDs to verify status and connections.

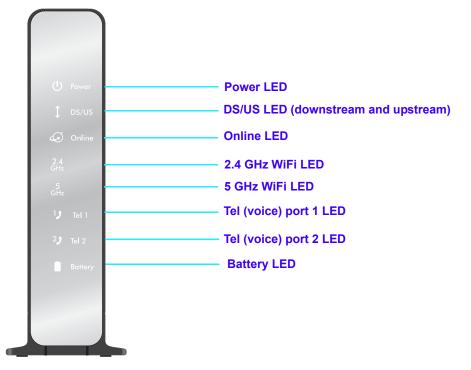


Figure 2. Front panel LEDs

You can use the LEDs to verify status and connections. The following table lists and describes each LED and the WPS button on the front panel.

LED	lcon	Description
Power	Ċ	<ul> <li>Solid white. The modem router is receiving power and is functioning normally.</li> <li>Off. The modem router is not receiving power.</li> <li>Red. The modem router is too warm and might overheat. For more information about this condition, see Use LEDs to Troubleshoot on page 119.</li> </ul>
DS/US	1	<ul> <li>Solid white. One or more downstream channels are locked.</li> <li>Slow blinking. Downstream locking is in progress.</li> <li>Fast blinking. Upstream locking is in progress.</li> <li>Off. No downstream channel is locked.</li> </ul>
Online	Q	<ul> <li>Solid white. The modem router is connected to the Internet.</li> <li>Blinking. The modem router is downloading a configuration file from the cable provider's CMTS.</li> <li>Off. The modem router is not connected to the Internet.</li> </ul>
2.4 GHz WiFi	2.4 GHz	<ul> <li>Solid white. The 2.4 GHz WiFi radio is functioning and available for use.</li> <li>Slow blinking. At least one computer or WiFi device is connected to the 2.4 GHz network or someone pressed the WPS button.</li> <li>Fast blinking. At least one computer or WiFi device is sending or receiving data on the 2.4 GHz network.</li> <li>Off. The 2.4 GHz WiFi radio is disabled. (If the radio is disabled, see <i>Specify WPS Settings</i> on page 85.)</li> </ul>
5 GHz WiFi	5 GHz	<ul> <li>Solid white. The 5 GHz WiFi radio is functioning and available for use.</li> <li>Slow blinking. At least one computer or WiFi device is connected to the 5 GHz network or someone pressed the WPS button.</li> <li>Fast blinking. At least one computer or WiFi device is sending or receiving data on the 5 GHz network.</li> <li>Off. The 5 GHz WiFi radio is disabled. (If the radio is disabled, see <i>Specify WPS Settings</i> on page 85.)</li> </ul>
Tel (voice) port 1 and Tel (voice) port 2	1 <b>)</b> 2 <b>)</b>	<ul> <li>Solid white. The telephone line is provisioned and ready to use.</li> <li>Slow blinking. Registration is in progress for the telephone line or the phone is off the hook.</li> <li>Off. The telephone line is not registered or is not provisioned.</li> </ul>
Battery		<ul> <li>Solid white. The battery is charged.</li> <li>Fast blinking. The battery power is low, or the modem router detected a grounding error or a problem with the voltage.</li> <li>Off. The battery is not working.</li> </ul>

 Table 1. Front panel LEDs and button of the modem router

## **Top Panel WPS Button**

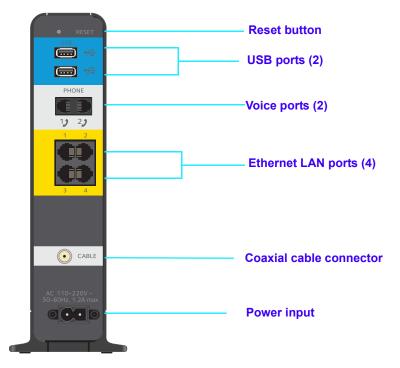
The **WPS** button is on the top panel.



Press the **WPS** button to connect to the WiFi network without typing the WiFi password. For more information about using WPS, see *WiFi Connection* on page 19.

## **Rear Panel**

The rear panel contains ports, connectors, and a recessed button.



#### Figure 3. Rear panel connections and button

The rear panel contains the following components, viewed from top to bottom:

 Reset button. To set the modem router to the original factory settings, press and hold the Reset button for at least seven seconds. For more information, see *Factory Settings* on page 123.

- **USB ports**. The USB ports lets you connect a USB hard drive, flash drive, or printer to the modem router.
- Tel (voice) ports. Connect Voice over IP (VoIP) telephone lines.
- Four Ethernet LAN ports. These ports support 1000 Mpbs, 100 Mpbs, and 10 Mpbs connections. Use the Ethernet LAN ports to connect local computers to the modem router's Ethernet LAN.
- **Coaxial cable connector**. Attach a coaxial cable to the cable service provider's connection.
- **Power input connector**. Attach the power cord to this input.

## **Product Label**

The label on the modem router shows the login information, MAC addresses, serial number, WiFi network names, and WiFi password (key).

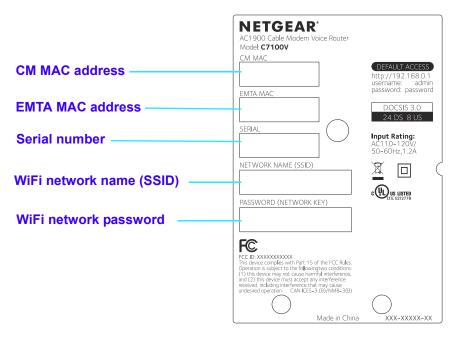


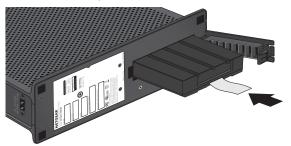
Figure 4. Modem router label

## **Install an Optional Battery**

A battery is not included with the modem router, but you can purchase a NETGEAR modem router battery (sold separately) and install it. The battery can give you five hours of additional talk time and eight hours of idle time for voice service during a power outage. Battery access is on the bottom of the modem router.

#### > To install the battery:

- 1. Make sure that the modem router is unplugged.
- 2. Open the battery compartment door.
- 3. Insert the battery into the modem router.



Do not attempt to remove the battery's plastic tab. The plastic tab allows you to easily remove the battery later if it must be replaced.

4. Close the battery compartment door.



## **Replace the Battery**

Battery access is on the bottom of the modem router.

#### > To replace the battery:

- 1. Unplug the modem router.
- 2. Open the battery compartment door.
- **3.** Pull the plastic tab to remove the battery.
- 4. Insert the replacement battery and close the battery compartment door.

## **Position Your Modem Router**

The modem router lets you access your network from anywhere within the operating range of your WiFi network. However, the operating distance or range of your WiFi connection can vary significantly depending on the physical placement of your modem router. For example, the thickness and number of walls the WiFi signal passes through can limit the range.

For best results, place your modem router according to the following guidelines:

- Place your modem router on an upper floor of a multifloor home or office.
- Place your modem router near the center of the area where your computers and other devices operate, and within line of sight to your WiFi devices.
- Make sure that the modem router is within reach of an AC power outlet and near Ethernet cables for wired computers.
- Place the modem router in an elevated location, minimizing the number walls and ceilings between the modem router and your other devices.
- Place the modem router away from electrical devices such as these:
  - Ceiling fans
  - Home security systems
  - Microwaves
  - Computers
  - Base of a cordless phone
  - 2.4 GHz cordless phone
- Place the modem router away from large metal surfaces, large glass surfaces, insulated walls, and items such as these:
  - Solid metal doors
  - Aluminum studs
  - Fish tanks
  - Mirrors
  - Brick
  - Concrete

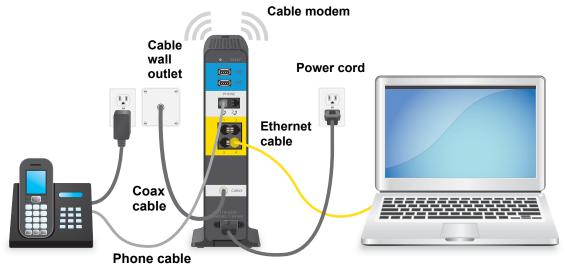
When you use multiple access points, it is better if adjacent access points use different radio frequency channels to reduce interference. The recommended channel spacing between adjacent access points is five channels (for example, use Channels 1 and 6, or 6 and 11).

## Install and Activate Your Modem Router

The modem router provides a connection between your cable Internet provider's network and your computer, router, or WiFi router.

## **Connect Your Modem Router to a Computer**

During the installation and activation, you must connect the modem router directly to a computer.



#### Figure 5. Connect the modem router directly to a computer

**Note:** Before you connect your modem router and contact your cable Internet provider, collect your cable account number, account phone number, and login information (your email address or user name and password).

#### > To connect your modem router directly to a computer:

1. Connect a coaxial cable.

Use the coaxial cable that your cable company provided to connect the cable port on the modem router to a cable wall outlet. Make sure that the cable is tightly connected.

- 2. Turn off the computer to which you intend to connect the modem router.
- **3.** Use the Ethernet cable provided in the package to connect the Gigabit Ethernet port on the modem router to an Ethernet port on the computer.
- 4. Connect one end of the phone cable to the Tel (Voice) port on the rear panel of the modem router and the other end of the phone cable to the telephone.
- 5. Turn on the computer.

6. Connect the power cord provided in the package to the modem router and plug the power cord into an electrical outlet.

When the startup procedure is completed, the Power LED  $\bigcup$  lights white.

7. Wait for the modem router to come online.

It takes at least 10 minutes for the modem router to come online on the network. During this time, the LED behavior is as follows:

- The Downstream/Upstream LED 
   blinks slowly when the modem router is locking one or more downstream channels, the LED blinks fast when the modem router is locking one or more upstream channels, and it lights solid white when one or more downstream channels are locked.
- After the modem router registers with your cable Internet provider, the Internet LED
   ights white.

Even though an Internet connection is established, Internet service is available only after you set it up with your cable Internet provider.

For information about how to activate your Internet service and register your telephone lines, see *Call Comcast XFINITY to Activate Internet Service and Register the Voice Telephone Lines* on page 15.

## Call Comcast XFINITY to Activate Internet Service and Register the Voice Telephone Lines

Before you start the activation process, make sure that your account number, account phone number, and login information (your email address or user name and password) are nearby.

#### > To activate your Internet connection with Comcast XFINITY's self-activation process:

- 1. Call Comcast XFINITY customer service at 1-800-XFINITY (1-800-934-6489).
- 2. When asked, provide your account information and provide the modem router's model number and MAC address, which are on the modem router label.

For more information, see *Product Label* on page 11.

3. Wait for Comcast XFINITY to confirm that your modem router is active.

If you do not get an Internet connection with the modem router, ask Comcast XFINITY to look for your modem router online, and do one of the following depending on what Comcast XFINITY tells you about your modem router:

- If the modem router is not visible, Comcast XFINITY can give you instructions to verify why the modem router does not connect with your high-speed Internet service.
- If the modem router is visible to Comcast XFINITY, reboot the modem router. Check your online status again.
- If you connected telephone lines, ask Comcast XFINITY to register your voice telephone lines.

The Tel (Voice) LED blinks while the phone is being registered and then lights solid white once it is registered.

After the voice line is registered, you can hear a dial tone when the phone is off-hook.

For information about voice telephone lines, see Chapter 7, Voice Telephone Lines.

## Perform a Speed Test

To determine the accurate Internet speed, visit the speed test website of your cable Internet provider and perform a speed test.

If your actual speed is lower than your subscribed speed, contact your cable Internet provider.

## Set Up the Modem Router in Bridge Mode

During the installation and activation, you must connect the modem router directly to a computer. After installation and activation, you can connect the modem router to a router and set up your modem router in bridge mode.

If you want to connect your modem router to a router, you must disable router mode. With router mode disabled, the modem router works as a bridge and the router behind it obtains a WAN IP address from your cable Internet provider.

#### > To set up the modem router in bridge mode:

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Router Mode.

The Router Mode page displays.

5. Select the **No** radio button.

With this setting, the modem router works as a bridge and the router behind it obtains a WAN IP address from the Internet service provider.

6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

Note: When your modem router is in bridge mode, use http://192.168.100.1 to log in to your modem router.

7. Follow the instructions that came with your router to connect it to the modem router.

# 2

# Connect to the Network and Access the Modem Router

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Connect to the Network
- Types of Logins
- Log In to the Modem Router
- Access the Modem Router With the NETGEAR genie App

## **Connect to the Network**

You can connect to the modem router's network through a wired or WiFi connection. If you set up your computer to use a static IP address, change the settings so that it uses Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).

## Wired Connection

You can connect your computer to the modem router using an Ethernet cable and join the modem router's local area network (LAN).

#### > To connect your computer to the modem router with an Ethernet cable:

- 1. Make sure that the modem router is receiving power (its Power LED is lit).
- 2. Connect an Ethernet cable to an Ethernet port on your computer.
- 3. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to one of the numbered Ethernet ports.

Your computer connects to the local area network (LAN). A message might display on your computer screen to notify you that an Ethernet cable is connected.

## **WiFi Connection**

You can connect to the modem router's WiFi network with Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) or you can find and select the WiFi network.

#### > To use WPS to connect to the WiFi network:

- 1. Make sure that the modem router is receiving power (its Power LED is lit).
- 2. Check the WPS instructions for your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device.
- 3. Press the **WPS** button on the modem router.
- Within two minutes, on your computer or mobile device, press its WPS button or follow its instructions for WPS connections.

Your computer or mobile device connects to the WiFi network.

#### > To find and select the WiFi network:

- 1. Make sure that the modem router is receiving power (its Power LED is lit).
- 2. On your computer or mobile device, find and select the WiFi network.

The WiFi network name is on the modem router label.

NETGEAR	
AC1900 Cable Modern Voice Router	
Model: C7100V	
CM MAC	DEFAULT ACCESS
	http://192.168.0.1
	username: admin password: password
EMTA MAC	password, password
	DOCSIS 3.0
	24 DS 8 US
SERIAL ()	Input Rating:
	AC110-120V/
	50-60Hz,1.2A
NETWORK NAME (SSID)	
PASSWORD (NETWORK KEY)	LITE. E212778
FC	
FCC ID: PY315400331 This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.	
Operation is subject to the followingtwo conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference,	
and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause	
undesired operation. CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B)	$\bigcirc$
Made in China	272-12618-02

3. Join the WiFi network and enter the WiFi password.

The password is on the modem router label.

Your computer or mobile device connects to the WiFi network.

## **Types of Logins**

Separate types of logins serve different purposes. It is important that you understand the difference so that you know which login to use when.

Types of logins:

- **WiFi network key or password**. Your modem router is preset with a unique WiFi network name (SSID) and password for WiFi access. This information is on the modem router label.
  - **Note:** Your modem router broadcasts dual-band 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz WiFi signals. The label shows the SSID for the 2.4 GHz signal. For information about 5 GHz WiFi settings, see *Specify Basic WiFi Settings* on page 81.
- **Modem router login**. This logs you in to the modem router interface as admin from a web browser as admin.

## Log In to the Modem Router

When you connect to the network (either with WiFi or with an Ethernet cable), you can use a web browser to access the modem router to view or change its settings. The first time you access the modem router, the modem router automatically checks to see if it can connect to your Internet service.

> To log in to the modem router:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

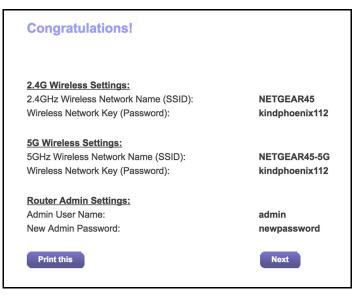
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The first time you log in to the modem router, you are prompted to change the admin password and set up security questions. You must enter these settings before you can access the Internet.

The admin password is changing the admin pas		ur router's web interfa	ace. Secure your Network	by
User Name		admin		
New Password		•••••		
Confirm New Password		•••••		
Security Question #1*: Answer*:	C6220	he first NETGEAR produc		
Security Question #2*:	What is your best frie	end's first name?	٥	
Answer*: * = required information	John			

- 4. Enter a new password.
- 5. Select security questions and enter the answers.

6. Click the Next button.



7. Click the **Next** button.

The modem router connects to the Internet. The BASIC Home page displays the status of the Internet connection.

## Access the Modem Router With the NETGEAR genie App

The genie app is the easy dashboard for managing, monitoring, and repairing your home network. The genie app can help you with the following:

- Automatically repair common WiFi network problems.
- Easily manage modem router features like Live Parental Controls, guest access, Internet traffic meter, speed test, and more.

#### > To use the genie app to access the modem router:

- 1. Visit the NETGEAR genie web page at NETGEAR.com/genie.
- 2. Follow the onscreen instructions to install the app on your smartphone, tablet, or computer.
- 3. Launch the genie app.

The genie app dashboard page displays.

# **Specify Your Internet Settings**



Usually, the quickest way to set up the modem router to use your Internet connection is to allow the modem router to detect the Internet connection when you first access the modem router with a web browser. You can also customize or specify your Internet settings.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Specify the Cable Connection Starting Frequency
- View Modem Router Initialization
- Manually Set Up the Internet Connection
- Specify an IPv6 Internet Connection
- Change the MTU Size

## Specify the Cable Connection Starting Frequency

The starting frequency is automatically generated. For most Internet connections, you do not need to specify this information. If you must enter a starting frequency, contact your Internet provider.

#### > To change the starting frequency:

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select Cable Connection.

Cable	Connection	n						
This field	cy start Value d below allows ; ake effect.	you to m	odify the freque	ncy the cable mo	odem start v		ely  XCancel an during initialization and registration. Enter the new start frequency and restart the cable modem	•
Starting	Frequency 7	050000	00					
Startup	Procedure							
Proce	dure		Status	Comment				
Acquire	Downstream C	hannel	705000000 Hz	Locked				
Connec	tivity State		ОК	Operational				
Boot St	ate	ОК		Operational				
Configu	ration File		ОК					
Security	1		Disabled	Disabled				
_								
	ream Bonded C			-	-		1	
Channe			tion Channel ID			SNR		
1		QAM25 Unknov		705000000 Hz 0 Hz				
2						0.0 dB		
3		Unknow		0 Hz		0.0 dB		
4		Unknow	200 - C	0 Hz	0.0 dBmV			
5		Unknow		0 Hz 0 Hz		0.0 dB		
6		Unknov				0.0 dB		
0		Unknow		0 Hz	0.0 dBmV 0.0 dBmV	0.0 dB		
8	Not Locked	Unknow		0 Hz 0 Hz	0.0 dBmV			
1.		Unknov	m lo	IU HZ	In a Burn	IO'O GR		
Help Ce	enter		CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION	THE OWNER OF STREET, STREET, ST.	A REAL PROPERTY AND		Show/Hide Help Co	enter

The page displays the status of all downstream and upstream channels.

- 5. In the Starting Frequency field, type a number.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## View Modem Router Initialization

You can track the initialization procedure of the modem router and get details about the downstream and upstream cable channel. The time is displayed after the modem router is initialized.

The modem router automatically goes through the following steps in the provisioning process:

- 1. Scans and locks the downstream frequency and then ranges the upstream channels.
- 2. Obtains a WAN address for the modem router.
- **3.** Connects to the Internet.
- > To view the status of the modem router initialization:
  - 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
  - 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Cable Connection.

Cable	Connectio	n	-			-	
This field	icy start Value d below allows ake effect.	you to m	odify the freque	ncy the cable m	odem start v	Apply with its scan	Cancel
Starting	g Frequency 7	050000	00				
Startup	Procedure						
Proces	dure		Status	Comment			
Acquire	Downstream (	Channel	705000000 Hz	Locked			
Connec	ctivity State		ок	Operational			
Boot Sta	ate		ок	Operational			
Configu	uration File		ОК				
Security	y		Disabled	Disabled			
Downet	ream Bonded (	hannel					
			tion Channel II	Frequency	Power	SNR	
1	Locked	QAM25		705000000 Hz			
2	Not Locked	Unknow		0 Hz	0.0 dBmV		
3	Not Locked	Unknow		0 Hz	0.0 dBmV		
4	Not Locked	Unknow		0 Hz	0.0 dBmV		
	Not Locked	Unknow	n 0	0 Hz	0.0 dBmV		
5					-		
-	Not Locked	Unknow		0 Hz	0.0 dBmV	0.0 dB	
-		Unknov Unknov	/n 0	0 Hz 0 Hz	0.0 dBmV 0.0 dBmV		
5 6 7 8	Not Locked Not Locked		vn 0 vn 0			0.0 dB	

The Startup Procedure section displays the initialization progress. The page also displays the status of all downstream and upstream channels.(Scroll down to view all the channels.) The number of downstream and upstream channels that are locked depends on the number of channels that your Internet provider uses.

## Manually Set Up the Internet Connection

In most situations, you do not need to change these settings. We recommend that you use the default settings for DHCP because most cable Internet services provide the IP address through DHCP.

#### > To specify the Internet connection settings:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > Internet.

Apply ►	XCancel
Account Name (If Required) Domain Name (If Required)	C7100V
Internet IP Address	
Get Dynamically from ISP	
O Use Static IP Address	
IP Address	10 . 10 . 45 . 3
IP Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Gateway IP Address	10 .10 .45 .1
Domain Name Server (DNS) Address	
<ul> <li>Get Automatically from ISP</li> </ul>	
O Use These DNS Servers	
Primary DNS	172 . 29 . 16 . 12
Secondary DNS	
Tertiary DNS	

- 5. If your Internet connection requires an account name or host name, type it in the Account Name (If Required) field.
- 6. If your Internet connection requires a domain name, type it in the **Domain Name (If Required)** field.

For the other sections in this page, the default settings usually work, but you can change them.

- 7. Select an Internet IP Address radio buttons:
  - **Get Dynamically from ISP**. Your ISP uses DHCP to assign your IP address. Your ISP automatically assigns these addresses.

- Use Static IP Address. Enter the IP address, IP subnet mask, and gateway IP address that your ISP assigned. The gateway is the ISP modem router to which your modem router connects.
- 8. Select a Domain Name Server (DNS) Address radio button:
  - **Get Automatically from ISP**. Your ISP uses DHCP to assign your DNS servers. Your ISP automatically assigns this address.
  - Use These DNS Servers. If you know that your ISP requires specific servers, select this option. Enter the IP address of your ISP's primary DNS server. If a secondary DNS server address is available, enter it also.
- 9. Select a Router MAC Address radio button:
  - Use Default Address. Use the default MAC address.
  - Use Computer MAC Address. The modem router captures and uses the MAC address of the computer that you are now using. You must use the one computer that the ISP allows.
  - Use This MAC Address. Enter the MAC address that you want to use.
- **10.** Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

If the NETGEAR website does not display within one minute, see *Chapter 11, Troubleshooting*.

## Specify an IPv6 Internet Connection

#### > To specify an IPv6 Internet connection:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > IPv6.

ot Available
derived from System Delegated Prefix and Start Address will have the same Prefix. t Available
ot Available
5
00

If your Internet provider supports IPV6, the System Delegated Prefix field displays IPv6 information.

- 5. Select an IP Address Assignment radio button:
  - **Use DHCP Server**. This method passes more information to LAN devices, but some IPv6 systems might not support the DHCP client function.
  - Auto Config. This is the default setting.

This setting specifies how the modem router assigns IPv6 addresses to the home network (the LAN).

- 6. Complete the fields in the Server Settings section.
- 7. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

## Change the MTU Size

The maximum transmission unit (MTU) is the largest data packet a network device transmits. When one network device communicates across the Internet with another, the data packets travel through many devices along the way. If a device in the data path uses a lower MTU setting than the other devices, the data packets must be split or "fragmented" to accommodate the device with the smallest MTU.

The best MTU setting for NETGEAR equipment is often the default value. In some situations, changing the value fixes one problem but causes another. Leave the MTU unchanged unless one of these situations occurs:

- You experience problems connecting to your ISP or other Internet service, and the technical support of either the ISP or NETGEAR recommends changing the MTU setting. These web-based applications might require an MTU change:
  - A secure website that does not open, or displays only part of a web page
  - Yahoo email
  - MSN portal
  - America Online's DSL service
- You use VPN and experience severe performance problems.
- You used a program to optimize MTU for performance reasons, and now you are experiencing connectivity or performance problems.

**Note:** An incorrect MTU setting can cause Internet communication problems. For example, you might not be able to access certain websites, frames within websites, secure login pages, or FTP or POP servers.

#### > To change the MTU size:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > WAN Setup.

192 . 168 . 0 . 0
1500

- 5. In the MTU Size field, enter a value from 64 to 1500.
- 6. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

If you suspect an MTU problem, a common solution is to change the MTU to 1400. If you are willing to experiment, you can gradually reduce the MTU from the maximum value of 1500 until the problem goes away. The following table describes common MTU sizes and applications.

МТU	Application
1500	The largest Ethernet packet size. This setting is typical for connections that do not use PPPoE or VPN, and is the default value for NETGEAR routers, adapters, and switches.
1492	Used in PPPoE environments.
1472	Maximum size to use for pinging. (Larger packets are fragmented.)
1468	Used in some DHCP environments.
1460	Usable by AOL if you do not use large email attachments, for example.

#### Table 2. Common MTU sizes

## **Control Access to the Internet**

4

The modem router comes with a built-in firewall that helps protect your home network from unwanted intrusions from the Internet.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Set Up Parental Controls
- Block Access to Your Network
- Use Keywords to Block Internet Sites
- Block Services From the Internet
- Schedule When to Block Internet Sites and Services
- Avoid Blocking on a Trusted Computer
- Set Up Security Event Email Notifications
- Manage Services
- Enable or Disable NAT

## Set Up Parental Controls

The first time that you select **Parental Controls** from the BASIC Home page, your browser goes to the *Parental Controls* website, where you can learn more about parental controls. To set up parental controls, you must download the genie app.

#### > To set up parental controls:

1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.

#### 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password for the modem router.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Parental Controls.

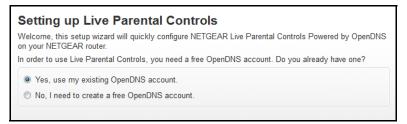
The Parental Controls website opens.

- 5. Click the button for the genie app or version that you want to download and use.
- 6. Follow the onscreen instructions to download and install the genie app.
- 7. Open the genie app and select **Parental Controls**.

Live Parental Controls automatically starts.

8. Click the **Next** button, read the note, and click the **Next** button again.

Because Live Parental Controls uses free OpenDNS accounts, you are prompted to log in or create a free account.



- 9. Select a radio button as follows:
  - If you already own an OpenDNS account, leave the **Yes** radio button selected.
  - If you did not yet create an OpenDNS account, select the No radio button.

If you are creating an account, the Create a free OpenDNS account page displays. Do the following:

a. Complete the fields.

**b.** Click the **Next** button.

After you log on or create your account, the filtering level page displays.

**10.** Select a radio button for a filtering level and click the **Next** button.

The Setup is complete page displays.

**11.** Click the **Take me to the status page** button.

The Status page displays. Parental controls are now set up for the modem router.

**12.** To enable parental controls, click the **Enable Live Parental Controls** button.

## **Block Access to Your Network**

You can use access control to block access to your network.

#### > To set up access control:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Access Control.

The Access Control page displays.

5. Select the Turn on Access Control check box.

You must select this check box before you can specify an access rule and use the **Allow** and **Block** buttons. When this check box is cleared, all devices are allowed to connect, even if the device is in the blocked list.

- 6. Select an access rule:
  - Allow all new devices to connect. With this setting, if you buy a new device, it can access your network. You don't need to enter its MAC address in this page. We recommend that you leave this radio button selected.
  - **Block all new devices from connecting**. With this setting, if you buy a new device, before it can access your network, you must enter its MAC address for an Ethernet connection and its MAC address for a WiFi connection in the allowed list.

The access rule does not affect previously blocked or allowed devices. It applies only to devices joining your network in the future after you apply these settings.

- 7. To allow the computer or device you're currently using to continue to access the network, select the check box next to your computer or device, and click the **Allow** button.
- 8. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Use Keywords to Block Internet Sites**

You can use keywords to block certain Internet sites from your network. You can use blocking all the time or based on a schedule.

> To set block Internet sites:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Block Sites.

Block Sites	
Apply  Cancel	
To learn more about advanced content filtering and keyword blocking features from NETGEAR, please go to www.netgear.com/lpc.	^
Keyword Blocking	
Never	
O Per Schedule	
O Always	
+ Add Keyword	
Block sites containing these keywords or domain names:	
	~
X Delete Keyword Clear List	
) Help Center <u>Show/Hide Help</u>	Center

- 5. Select a keyword blocking option:
  - **Per Schedule**. Turn on keyword blocking according to a schedule that you set. (See *Schedule When to Block Internet Sites and Services* on page 37.)
  - Always. Turn on keyword blocking continuously.

- In the Type keyword or domain field, enter a keyword or domain that you want to block.
   For example:
  - Specify XXX to block http://www.badstuff.com/xxx.html.
  - Specify .com if you want to allow only sites with domain suffixes such as .edu or .gov.
  - Enter a period (.) to block all Internet browsing access.
- 7. Click the Add Keyword button.

The keyword is added to the keyword list. The keyword list supports up to 32 entries.

8. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Delete a Keyword**

#### > To delete keywords from the list:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Block Sites.

The Block Sites page displays.

- 5. Do one of the following:
  - To delete a single word, select it and click the **Delete Keyword** button.
     The keyword is removed from the list.
  - To delete all keywords on the list, click the **Clear List** button.

All keywords are removed from the list.

6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Block Services From the Internet**

You can block Internet services on your network based on the type of service. You can block the services all the time or based on a schedule.

#### > To block services:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Block Services.

	Apply ►	X Cancel		
	NBPA P	X canoo		
ervices Blocking				
Never				
Per Schedule 🗸				
Always				
ervice Table				
# Enable Service Type			Port	IP
	🕂 Add 🧳 💉 Edi	t 🗙 Delete		

- 5. Specify when to block the services:
  - To block the services all the time, select the **Always** radio button.
  - To block the services based on a schedule, select the **Per Schedule** radio button.

For information about how to specify the schedule, see *Schedule When to Block Internet Sites and Services* on page 37.

6. Click the **Add** button.

	+ Add XCancel
	TAD
Service Type	ALL
Protocol	
Starting Port	1 (1~65535)
Ending Port	65535 (1~65535)
Service Type/User Defined	ALL
ilter Services For :	
Only This IP Address :	192 . 168 . 0 .
O IP Address Range:	192 . 168 . 0
	to 192 . 168 . 0 .

7. To add a service that is in the **Service Type** menu, select the application or service.

The settings for this service automatically display in the fields.

- 8. To add a service or application that is not in the menu, select **User Defined**, and do the following:
  - **a.** If you know that the application uses either TCP or UDP, select the appropriate protocol. Otherwise, select **TCP/UDP** (both).
  - **b.** Enter the starting port and ending port numbers.
    - If the service uses a single port number, enter that number in both fields.
    - To find out which port numbers the service or application uses, you can contact the publisher of the application, ask user groups or newsgroups, or search on the Internet.
- 9. Specify which devices on your LAN are affected by the rule, based on their IP addresses:
  - Only This IP Address. Block services for a single computer.
  - **IP Address Range**. Block services for a range of computers with consecutive IP addresses on your network.
  - All IP Addresses. Block services for all computers on your network.
- **10.** Click the **Add** button.

Your settings are saved.

## Schedule When to Block Internet Sites and Services

When you schedule blocking, the same schedule is used to block sites and to block services. For information about how to specify what you want the modem router to block, see *Use Keywords to Block Internet Sites* on page 34 and *Block Services From the Internet* on page 36.

#### > To schedule blocking:

1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.

#### 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Schedule.

The Schedule page displays.

- 5. Specify when to block keywords and services:
  - **Days to Block**. Select the check box for each day that you want to block the keywords or select the **Every Day** check box, which automatically selects the check boxes for all days.
  - **Time of Day to Block**. Select a start and end time in 24-hour format, or select **All Day** for 24-hour blocking.
- 6. Select your time zone.
- 7. If you live in an area that observes daylight saving time, select the **Automatically adjust for** daylight savings time check box.
- 8. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

## Avoid Blocking on a Trusted Computer

You can exempt one trusted computer from blocking. The computer you exempt must use a fixed IP address. You can use the reserved IP address feature to specify the IP address. See *Manage LAN IP Addresses* on page 77.

#### > To specify a trusted computer:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Block Sites.

The Block Sites page displays.

- 5. Scroll down and select the Allow trusted IP address to visit blocked sites check box.
- 6. In the Trusted IP Address field, enter the IP address of the trusted computer.
- 7. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## Set Up Security Event Email Notifications

The modem router can email you its logs of modem router activity. The log records activity and security events such as attempts to access blocked sites or services.

#### > To set up email notifications:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Security > E-mail.

Turn E-mail Notification On	
Send alerts and logs through e-mail	
Your Outgoing Mail Server	
Send to This E-mail Address	
My mail server requires authentication	
Jser Name	
Password	
Send Alert Immediately When someone attempts to visit a blocked site	
Send logs according to this schedule	
None	
Day Sunday 🖌	

- 5. Select the Turn Email Notification On check box.
- 6. In the Your Outgoing Mail Server field, enter the name of your ISP outgoing (SMTP) mail server (such as mail.myISP.com).

You might be able to find this information in the configuration page of your email program. If you leave this field blank, log and alert messages are not sent.

7. Enter the email address to which logs and alerts are sent in the **Send to This E-mail Address** field.

This email address is also used for the From address. If this field is blank, log and alert messages are not sent.

- 8. If your outgoing email server requires authentication, select the **My Mail Server requires** authentication check box, and do the following:
  - a. In the User Name field, type the user name for the outgoing email server.
  - **b.** In the **Password** field, type the password for the outgoing email server.
- 9. To send alerts when someone attempts to visit a blocked site, select the Send Alerts Immediately check box.
- **10.** To send logs based on a schedule, specify these settings:
  - From the **Send logs according to this schedule** menu, select the schedule type.
  - From the **Day** menu, select the day.
  - From the **Time** menu, select the time, and select the **am** or **pm** radio button.
- **11.** Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

Logs are sent automatically. If the log fills before the specified time, it is sent. After the log is sent, it is cleared from the modem router memory. If the modem router cannot email the log and the log buffer fills, the modem router overwrites the log.

## Manage Services

You can block Internet access by specific users on your local network based on their IP addresses. For example, you can prevent the use of certain Internet services such as surfing the web (HTTP) by everyone or just a few people on your network. You can configure service blocking to be on never, according to a schedule, or always.

#### > To manage services:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Security > Services.

Services	
	Apply > XCancel
Firewall Features	Enable
lpsec PassThrough	🗹 Enable
PPTP PassThrough	🗹 Enable
Multicast	🗹 Enable
Port Scan Detection	🗹 Enable
IP Flood Detection	Enable
Web Features	
Filter Proxy	Enable
Filter Cookies	Enable
Filter Java Applets	Enable
Filter ActiveX	Enable
Filter Popup Windows	Enable
Block Fragmented IP Packets	Enable
NAT ALG Status	
RSVP	V Enable
FTP	V Enable
TFTP	✓ Enable
Kerb88	V Enable
NetBios	V Enable
IKE	✓ Enable
RTSP	
Kerb1293	
H225	
РРТР	
MSN	✓ Enable
SIP	✓ Enable
ICQ	✓ Enable
IRC666x	
ICQTalk	✓ Enable
Net2Phone	✓ Enable

- 5. Select or clear check boxes to enable or disable services.
  - When firewall features are enabled, the modem router performs stateful packet inspection (SPI) and protects against denial of service (DoS) attacks.
  - When IPSec pass-through is enabled, IPSec traffic is forwarded. When it is disabled, this traffic is blocked.
  - When PPTP pass-through is enabled, PPTP traffic is forwarded. When it is disabled, this traffic is blocked.
  - When Multicast is enabled, the modem router can pass multicasting streams through the firewall.
  - When port scan detection is enabled, the modem router can respond to Internet-based port scans.
  - When IP flood detection is enabled, the modem router can block malicious devices that are attempting to flood devices.
  - You can use the Web Features check boxes to set certain web-oriented cookies, Java scripts, and pop-up windows to be blocked by the firewall.
  - You can use the NAT ALG Status check boxes to allow NAT traversal filters for certain application layer control and data protocols.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Enable or Disable NAT**

Network address translation (NAT) is a method of remapping one IP address space into another by modifying network address information in Internet Protocol (IP) datagram packet headers while they are in transit across a traffic routing device.

#### > To enable or disable NAT:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Security > NAT Mode.

The NAT page displays.

- 5. Select or clear the Turn NAT On check box.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

# Share USB Devices Attached to the Modem Router

5

This chapter describes how to access and configure a USB storage drive attached to your modem router. The USB port on the modem router can be used only to connect USB storage devices like flash drives or hard drives, or a printer. Do not connect computers, USB modems, CD drives, or DVD drives to the modem router USB port.

The chapter contains the following sections:

- USB Storage Device Requirements
- Connect a USB Storage Device to the Modem Router
- Control Access to the USB Storage Device
- Use FTP Within the Network
- Add a Network Folder on a USB Storage Device
- Edit a Network Folder on a USB Storage Device
- Approve USB Devices
- Access the USB Storage Device Through the Internet
- Safely Remove a USB Storage Device

For more information about ReadySHARE features, visit *netgear.com/readyshare*.

## **USB Storage Device Requirements**

The modem router works with most USB-compliant external flash and hard drives. For the most up-to-date list of USB storage devices that the modem router supports, visit *kbserver.netgear.com/readyshare*.

Some USB external hard drives and flash drives require you to load the drivers onto the computer before the computer can access the USB device. Such USB devices do not work with the modem router.

The modem router supports the following file system types for full read/write access:

- FAT16
- FAT32
- NTFS
- NTFS with compression format enabled
- Ext2
- Ext3
- Ext4
- XFS
- HFS+

## Connect a USB Storage Device to the Modem Router

ReadySHARE lets you access and share USB storage devices that are connected to the appropriate modem router port. (If your USB storage device uses special drivers, it is not compatible.)

### > To connect a USB device:

1. Insert your USB storage drive into a USB port on the rear panel of the modem router.

RESET USB	USP ports (2)
<b>.</b>	USB ports (2)
PHONE 19 29	
CABLE	
AC 110-220V - 50-6019.128 max	

2. If your USB storage device uses a power supply, connect it.

You must use the power supply when you connect the USB storage device to the router.

When you connect the USB drive to the modem router USB port, it might take up to two minutes before it is ready for sharing. By default, the USB drive is available to all computers on your local area network (LAN).

# Access a USB Drive Connected to the Modem Router From a Windows Computer

#### > To access a USB storage device from a Windows computer:

- 1. Connect a USB storage device to a USB port on your router.
- 2. If your USB storage device uses a power supply, connect it.

You must use the power supply when you connect the USB storage device to the modem router.

When you connect the USB storage device to the modem router's port, it might take up to two minutes before it is ready for sharing. By default, the USB storage device is available to all computers on your local area network (LAN).

- 3. Select Start > Run.
- 4. Enter \\readyshare in the dialog box.
- 5. Click the **OK** button.

A window automatically opens and displays the files and folders on the USB storage device.

## Map a USB Device to a Windows Network Drive

#### > To map a USB device to a Windows network drive:

1. Connect a USB storage device to a USB port on the router.

If your USB storage device uses a power supply, you must use it when you connect the device to the router.

When you connect the USB storage device to the router's port, it might take up to two minutes before it is ready for sharing. By default, the device is available to all computers on your local area network (LAN).

- 2. Select Start > Run.
- 3. Enter \\readyshare in the dialog box.
- 4. Click the **OK** button.
- 5. Right-click the USB device and select Map network drive.
- 6. Select the drive letter to map to the new network folder.
- 7. Click the **Finish** button.

The USB storage device is mapped to the drive letter that you specified.

- 8. To connect to the USB storage device as a different user, select the **Connect using different credentials** check box, click the Finish button, and do the following:
  - **a.** Type the user name and password.
  - **b.** Click the **OK** button.

The USB drive is mapped to the drive letter that you specified.

## Access a USB Storage Device That Is Connected to the Modem Router From a Mac

#### > To access the device from a Mac:

1. Connect a USB storage device to a USB port on your router.

If your USB storage device uses a power supply, you must use it when you connect the USB storage device to the router.

When you connect the USB storage device to the router's port, it might take up to two minutes before it is ready for sharing. By default, the USB storage device is available to all computers on your local area network (LAN).

- 2. On a Mac that is connected to the network, select Go > Connect to Server.
- 3. In the Server Address field, enter **smb://readyshare**.
- 4. When prompted, select the **Guest** radio button.

If you set up access control on the router and you allowed your Mac to access the network, select the Registered User radio button and enter admin for the name and password for the password. For more information about access control, see View Devices Currently on the Network on page 83.

5. Click the **Connect** button.

A window automatically opens and displays the files and folders on the USB storage device.

## Control Access to the USB Storage Device

You can specify the device name, workgroups, and network folders for your USB device.

> To specify the USB access settings:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > USB Storage > Advanced Settings.

		Apply	G Refr	esh				
Networ	k/Device Name :	readysha	are					
Workgi	oup :	Workgro	up					
Enable	Access Method	Li	nk		Port	1		
<b>V</b>	Network Connection	\\ready						
<b>V</b>	HTTP	http://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares			80			
	HTTPS (via internet)	https://0.0.0.0:443/shares			443	]		
<b>V</b>	FTP	ftp://readyshare.rou	ftp://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares					
	FTP (via internet)	ftp://0.0.0.0	ftp://0.0.0.0:21/shares					
Availab	le Network Folders							
	Share Name	Read Access			ler Name	Volume Name	Total Space	Fre Spa
0 11	readyshare\USB_Stora	age All - no password	All - no password		U:\	HP v100w	1.87 G	914
<								>

5. Specify access to the USB storage device:

- **Network Device Name**. This is the name used to access the USB device connected to the modem router. The default is readyshare.
- **Workgroup**. If you are using a Windows workgroup rather than a domain, the workgroup name is displayed here. The name works only in an operating system that supports NetBIOS, such as Microsoft Windows.
- Access Method. Select the check boxes for the access methods that you want:
  - Network Neighborhood/MacShare. Enabled by default.
  - HTTP. Enabled by default. You can type http://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares to access the USB storage device.
  - **HTTP (via Internet)**. Disabled by default. If you enable this feature, remote users can type **http:***II*<*public IP address*/shares> (for example, http://1.1.10.102/shares) or a URL domain name to access the USB storage device over the Internet. This feature supports file uploading only.
  - **FTP**. Disabled by default.
  - **FTP (via Internet)**. Disabled by default. If you select this check box, remote users can access the USB storage device through FTP over the Internet. This feature supports both downloading and uploading of files.
- 6. If you changed the settings, click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Use FTP Within the Network**

File Transfer Protocol (FTP) lets you send and receive large files faster.

### > To set up FTP access:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > USB Storage > Advanced Settings.

		Apply	G Refr	esh				
Networ	k/Device Name :	readysha	are					
Workgr	oup :	Workgro	up					
Enable	Access Method	Lit	nk		Port	1		
<b>V</b>	Network Connection	Nready		-	1			
<b>V</b>	HTTP	http://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares			80			
	HTTPS (via internet)	https://0.0.0.0:443/shares			443	]		
	FTP	ftp://readyshare.rou	ftp://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares					
	FTP (via internet)	ftp://0.0.0.0	:21/shares		21	]		
vailabl	e Network Folders							
	Share Name	Read Access	Write Access	Fold	er Name	Volume Name	Total Space	Free Space
0 W	readyshare\USB_Stora	age All - no password	All - no password		U:1	HP v100w	1.87 G	914
<								>

- 5. Select the **FTP** check box.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## View Network Folders on a USB Storage Device

You can view or change the network folders on the USB storage device.

#### > To view network folders:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > USB Storage > Advanced Settings.

USB S	torage (Advanced Setti	ngs)				-		-
		Apply	C Refr	esh				
Netwo	ork/Device Name :	readyst	nare					^
Work	group :	Workgr	oup					
Enab	le Access Method	L	ink		Port	1		
	Network Connection	\\rea	dyshare		-	_		
	HTTP	http://readyshare.re	outerlogin.net/sha	ares	80			
	HTTPS (via internet)	https://0.0.0.0:443/shares			443			
	FTP	ftp://readyshare.ro	ftp://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares					
	FTP (via internet)	ftp://0.0.0.	0:21/shares		21	]		
Availa	ble Network Folders							
	Share Name	Read Access	Write Access	Folde	er Name	Volume Name	Total Space	Free Space
0	\\readyshare\USB_Stor	age All - no password	All - no password		U:\	HP v100w	1.87 G	914 🗸
<			ш					>
Help	Center					Show/	Hide Helj	p Center

- 5. Scroll down to the Available Networks Folder section, and view the following settings:
  - **Share Name**. If only one device is connected, the default share name is USB\_Storage. (Some modem router models include more than one USB port.)

You can click the name, or you can type it in the address field of your web browser. If Not Shared is shown, the default share was deleted, and no other share for the root folder exists. Click the link to change this setting.

• **Read Access and Write Access**. Show the permissions and access controls on the network folder. All–no password (the default) allows all users to access the network folder. The password for admin is the same one that you use to log in to the modem router.

- **Folder Name**. Full path of the network folder.
- Volume Name. Volume name from the storage device (either USB storage device or HDD).
- **Total Space and Free Space**. Show the current utilization of the storage device.

## Add a Network Folder on a USB Storage Device

You can add network folders on the USB storage device.

#### > To add a network folder:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > ReadySHARE.

The USB Storage (Advanced Settings) page displays.

5. Click the Create Network Folder button.

USB Device	U: (HPv100w) V
Folder	U:\Photos\ Browse
Share Name	Vacation Photos
Read Access	All - no password 💌
Write Access	All - no password V
Арріу	
Close Window	

If this page does not display, your web browser might be blocking pop-ups. If it is, change the browser settings to allow pop-ups.

- 6. In the **USB Device** menu, select the USB storage device.
- 7. Click the **Browse** button and in the **Folder** field, select the folder.
- 8. In the **Share Name** field, type the name of the share.
- 9. In the Read Access menu and the Write Access menu, select the settings that you want.

The user name (account name) for All–no password is guest. The password for admin is the same one that is used to log in to the modem router. By default, it is password.

**10.** Click the **Apply** button.

The folder is added on the USB device.

## Edit a Network Folder on a USB Storage Device

You can add network folders on the USB storage device.

#### > To edit a network folder:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > ReadySHARE.

The USB Storage (Advanced Settings) page displays.

5. Click the Edit button.

The Edit Network Folder page displays the same settings shown on the Add a Network Folder page.

- 6. Change the settings in the fields as needed.
- 7. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Approve USB Devices**

For more security, you can set up the modem router to share only USB devices that you approve.

#### > To approve USB devices:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > USB Settings.

USB Settings	
Apply ►	
Enable any USB Device connected to the USB port 💿 Yes 🔿 No	Approved Devices

By default the **Enable any USB Device connection to the USB port** radio button is selected. This setting lets you connect and access all your USB storage devices.

- 5. Select the **No** radio button.
- 6. Click the Approved Devices button.

proved U	SB Devices		
	Volume Name	Device Name	Capacity
ilable US	SB Devices		
ailable US	SB Devices Volume Name	Device Name	Capacity

The approved and available USB devices display.

- 7. In the Available USB Devices menu, select the drive that you want to approve.
- 8. Click the Add button.
- 9. Select the Allow only approved devices check box.
- **10.** Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

- **11.** To work with another USB device, first click the **Safely Remove USB Device** button for the currently connected USB device.
- **12.** Connect the other USB device, and repeat this process.

## Access the USB Storage Device Through the Internet

You can access the USB storage device through the Internet when you're not home.

#### > To access the USB storage device from a remote computer:

- 1. Launch a web browser on a computer that is not on your home network.
- 2. Connect to your modem router:
  - To connect with Dynamic DNS, type the DNS name.

To use a Dynamic DNS account, you must enter the account information on the Dynamic DNS page. See *Dynamic DNS* on page 103.

• To connect without Dynamic DNS, type the modem router's Internet port IP address.

You can view the modem router's Internet IP address on the BASIC Home page.

You can use FTP to share files on a USB storage device connected to the modem router.

## Set Up FTP Access Through the Internet

#### > To set up FTP access:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > USB Storage > Advanced Settings.

						_			
letworl	WDevice Name :	rea	adysh	are					
Norkgr	oup :	We	orkgro	oup					
Enable	Access Method	Ľ		Lin	k		Port		
<b>v</b>	Network Neighborhood/M	lacShare	hare \\readyshare				-		
<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	HTTP			http://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares			80		
	HTTPS (via intern	https://0.0.0.0/shares			443				
	FTP		ftp://readyshare.routerlogin.net/shares			res	21		
<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	FTP (via internet	)		ftp://0.0.0.0	)/shares		21		
vailabl	ailable Network Folders			Write	Folder Name	Voli	ime Name	Total	Free
		Acces	Access Access				Space	Space	
💿 lùre	eadyshare\USB_Storage	- no pass	word	- no password	U:\	н	P v100w	1.9G	914.5M

- 5. Select the FTP (via Internet) check box.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

7. To limit access to the admin user, click the Edit button.

Edit Network Folder	
USB Device	U: (HP v100w)
File System	FAT
Folder	U1, Browse
Share Name	USB_Storage
Read Access	admin
Write Access	admin 💌
Apply	

- 8. In the Read Access menu, select admin.
- 9. In the Write Access menu, select admin.
- **10.** Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## Access the USB Storage Device Through the Internet With FTP

You must first set up FTP via Internet access. For information about setting up FTP via Internet access, see *Set Up FTP Access Through the Internet* on page 54.

#### > To access the USB storage device with FTP from a remote computer:

- **1.** To download, launch an Internet browser.
- 2. To upload, use an FTP client such as filezilla.
- 3. Type ftp:// and the Internet port IP address in the address field of the browser.

For example, type ftp://10.1.65.4.

If you are using Dynamic DNS, type the DNS name.

For example, type **ftp://MyName.mynetgear.com**.

- 4. When prompted, log in.
  - To log in as admin, in the user name field, type **admin** and in the password field, type the same password that you use to log in to the modem router.
  - To log in as guest, in the user name field, enter **guest**.

The guest user name does not require a password. To restrict access to the USB storage device, you can specify that only the admin user can access it. See *Approve USB Devices* on page 52.

You can view only the files and folders that your account can access. The files and folders on the USB storage device display. For example, you might see share/partition1/directory1.

## Safely Remove a USB Storage Device

Before you physically disconnect a USB storage device from the modem router USB port, log in to the modem router and take the drive offline.

#### > To remove a USB disk drive safely:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select USB Storage > Basic Settings.

The USB Storage page displays.

- Click the Safely Remove USB Device button.
   This takes the drive offline.
- 6. Physically disconnect the USB storage device.

## **Share a USB Printer**



The ReadySHARE Printer utility lets you share a USB printer that is connected to a USB port on your modem router. You can share this USB printer among the Windows and Mac computers on your network.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Install the Printer Driver and Cable the Printer
- Download the ReadySHARE Printer Utility
- Install the ReadySHARE Printer Utility
- Use the Shared Printer
- View or Change the Status of a Printer
- Use the Scan Feature of a Multifunction USB Printer
- Change NETGEAR USB Control Center Settings

## Install the Printer Driver and Cable the Printer

Some USB printer manufacturers (for example, HP and Lexmark) request that you do not connect the USB cable until the installation software prompts you to do so.

#### > To install the driver and cable the printer:

**1.** On each computer on your network that shares the USB printer, install the driver software for the USB printer.

If you cannot find the printer driver, contact the printer manufacturer.

2. Use a USB printer cable to connect the USB printer to a modem router USB port.



## **Download the ReadySHARE Printer Utility**

The utility works on Windows and Mac computers.

#### > To download the utility:

- 1. Visit netgear.com/readyshare.
- 2. Scroll down to the Print From the Comfort of Your Home Network section at the bottom of the page.
- **3.** Click one of the following links:
  - **Download PC installer and get started**. This is the utility for Windows computers.
  - **Download Mac installer and get started**. This is the utility for MAC computers.
- Follow the onscreen instructions to download the ReadySHARE Printer utility setup file and install this utility.

## Install the ReadySHARE Printer Utility

You must install the ReadySHARE Printer utility on each computer that will share the printer. After you install it, the utility displays as NETGEAR USB Control Center on your computer.

#### > To install the utility:

1. Double-click the ReadySHARE Printer utility setup file that you downloaded.

RETGEAR USB Control Ce	nter - InstallShield Wizard			
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for NETGEAR USB Control Center			
	The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install NETGEAR USB Control Center on your computer. To continue, click Next.			
2	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.			
< <u>B</u> ack Next > Cancel				

2. Follow the wizard instructions to install NETGEAR USB Control Center.

After the InstallShield Wizard completes the installation, the NETGEAR USB Control Center prompts you to select a language.



3. Select a language from the menu and click the **OK** button.

NETGEAR USB Control Ce System Tools About	nter			_ <b>D</b> _ X
Device		Status Waiting	to Connect	
	Connect	Disconnect	Natura	k Scanner

Some firewall software, such as Comodo, blocks NETGEAR USB Control Center from accessing the USB printer. If you do not see the USB printer displayed, you can disable the firewall temporarily to allow the utility to work.

4. Select the printer and click the Connect button.

The printer status changes to Manually connected by *Mycomputer*. Now only your computer can use the printer.

5. Click the **Disconnect** button.

The status changes to Available. Now all computers on the network can use the printer.

6. To exit the utility, select **System > Exit**.

## **Use the Shared Printer**

For each computer, after you click the **Connect** and **Disconnect** buttons once, the utility automatically manages the printing queue and handling. By default, the utility starts automatically whenever you log on to Windows and runs in the background.

### > To manually connect and print:

1. Click the NETGEAR USB Control Center icon n.

The main page displays.

2. Click the **Connect** button.

The printer status changes to Manually connected by *Mycomputer*. Now, only the computer that you are using can use this printer.

- 3. Use the print feature in your application to print your document.
- 4. To release the printer so that all computers on the network can use it, click the **Disconnect** button.

- > To print and release the printer to any computer on the network:
  - **1.** To print your document, use the print feature in your application.

The NETGEAR USB Control Center automatically connects your computer to the USB printer and prints the document. If another computer is already connected to the printer, your print job goes into a queue to wait to be printed.

2. If your document does not print, use the NETGEAR USB Control Center to check the status.

## View or Change the Status of a Printer

#### > To view or change the status:

1. Click the NETGEAR USB Control Center icon 🚮

The International Control Conter States Stat	
<u>System T</u> ools <u>A</u> bout	
Device	Status
Ø Audio - · Logitech Speaker Manually Connected by netgear-8dc0086	
Series MFP - HP - Photosmart C5200 series	Available

The Status column shows the status for each device:

- **Available**. No print jobs are in progress. You can use the USB printer from any computer in the network.
- **Connected**. Your computer is connected to the printer and will be released when your print job is done.
- Manually Connected by. Only the connected computer can use the printer.
- Waiting to Connect. Your computer is not connected to the shared printer yet.
- 2. To print from your computer when the status shows Manually connected by to another computer, click the **Disconnect** button.

The printer is released from the connection and the status changes to Available.

- 3. To print from your computer when the status shows Waiting to Connect, do the following:
  - a. Click the Connect button.

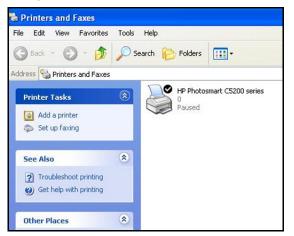
The printer status changes to Manually connected by *Mycomputer*. Now only your computer can use the printer.

**b.** To allow the printer to be shared, click the **Disconnect** button.

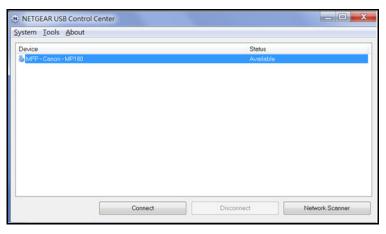
The printer is released from the connection and the status changes to Available.

## Use the Scan Feature of a Multifunction USB Printer

If your USB printer supports scanning, you can also use the USB printer for scanning. For example, the USB printer displayed in the Windows Printers and Faxes window is ready for print jobs.



- > To use the scan feature of a multifunction USB printer:
  - 1. Launch the NETGEAR USB Control Center.
  - 2. Make sure that the printer status shows as Available.
  - 3. Click the **Network Scanner** button.



The scanner page displays so that you can use the USB printer for scanning.

## Change NETGEAR USB Control Center Settings

You can stop the NETGEAR USB Control Center from starting automatically when you log in to Windows. You can also change the language and specify the time-out to release the printer connection.

- > To turn off automatic NETGEAR USB Control Center startup:
  - 1. Click the NETGEAR USB Control Center icon m.

The NETGEAR USB Control Center page displays.

2. Select Tools > Configuration.

Description Configuration	X
Basic Automatically execute when logging on Windows	
Timeout 10 minute (1-600)	
Language	
English German Swedish French Dutch Italian	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>
Note: Language setting will take effect on next execution.	
OK Cancel Apply	

- 3. Clear the Automatically execute when logging on Windows check box.
- 4. Click the OK button.

Your settings are saved.

#### > To change the language:

1. Click the NETGEAR USB Control Center icon m.

The NETGEAR USB Control Center page displays.

2. Select Tools > Configuration.

The Control Center Configuration page displays.

- 3. In the Language menu, select a language.
- 4. Click the **OK** button.

The next time NETGEAR USB Control Center starts, the language changes.

## > To specify the time-out:

1. Click the NETGEAR USB Control Center icon press.

The NETGEAR USB Control Center page displays.

2. Select Tools > Configuration.

The Control Center Configuration page displays.

3. In the **Timeout** field, type the number of minutes.

The time-out is the number of minutes that a computer holds its connection to the printer when the connection isn't being used.

4. Click the **OK** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Voice Telephone Lines**

# 7

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Connect a Telephone Line
- View the Voice Status
- View the MTA Call List
- View the EMTA Event Log

## Connect a Telephone Line

#### > To connect a telephone line:

1. Connect one end of the phone cable to the Tel (Voice) port on the rear panel of the modem router.



Phone cable

- 2. Connect the other end of the phone cable to the telephone.
- **3.** Call Comcast XFINITY customer service at 1-800-XFINITY (1-800-934-6489) and ask them to register the phone lines.

The Tel (Voice) LED blinks while the phone is being registered and then lights solid white.

After the voice line is registered, you can hear a dial tone when the phone is off-hook.

## View the Voice Status

#### > To view the voice status:

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Voice > Voice Status.

nformation		
MTA Provision Status	DHCP Processing	
MTA MAC Address	b0:7f:b9:b4:ad:81	
MTA Telephony Line 1 Status	On-Hook	
MTA Telephony Line 2 Status	On-Hook	
MTA Line 1 HD Audio Status	Enabled	
MTA Line 2 HD Audio Status	Enabled	

The following information displays:

- MTA Provision Status. This is the current MTA provision state.
- MTA MAC Address. This is the MAC address of the MTA interface.
- **MTA Telephony Line 1 and Line 2 Status**. These are the hook states of line 1 and line 2.
- **MTA Line 1 and Line 2 HD Audio Status**. These are the MTA HD audio status of line 1 and line 2 during codec negotiation. If the lines are enabled, it means each line is capable of using G.722. But the codec in conversation also depends on the codec capability of the remote side.

This page automatically refreshes every 60 seconds to update the provisioning state.

## View the MTA Call List

This list contains the per-call measurements for EMTA. It shows the codec used for the last call and some of the previous calls.

> To view or refresh the voice status:

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Voice > MTA Call List.

Line Number	Start Time	End Time	Local Codec	Remote Codec
-------------	------------	----------	-------------	--------------

5. To see the most recent entries, click the **Refresh** button.

## View the EMTA Event Log

- > To view the EMTA event log:
  - 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
  - 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > EMTA Event Log.

MTA Ever	nt Log			
		Refresh		
	Time	Text	EndpointName	

## **Specify Network Settings**

This chapter includes the following sections:

- View or Change WAN Settings
- Set Up a Default DMZ Server
- Manually Configure LAN Switch Ports
- Change the Modem Router's Device Name
- Change the LAN TCP/IP Settings
- Specify the IP Addresses That the Modem Router Assigns
- Disable the DHCP Server Feature in the Modem Router
- Manage LAN IP Addresses
- Use the WPS Wizard for WiFi Connections
- Specify Basic WiFi Settings
- Change the WiFi Security Option
- Set Up a Guest Network
- Specify WPS Settings

## View or Change WAN Settings

You can view or configure wide area network (WAN) settings for the Internet port. You can set up a DMZ (demilitarized zone) server, change the maximum transmit unit (MTU) size, and enable the modem router to respond to a ping to its WAN (Internet) port.

#### > To view or change the WAN settings:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > WAN Setup.

WAN Setup	
Apply ►	XCancel
Disable IPv4 Firewall Protection	
☑ Disable Port Scan and DoS Protection	
Default DMZ Server	192 . 168 . 0 . 0
Respond to Ping on Internet Port	
MTU Size(in bytes)	1500
Disable SIP ALG	

- 5. View or change the following settings:
  - **Disable IPv4 Firewall Protection**. We recommend that you leave this check box cleared so that the firewall protects your modem router.
  - Disable Port Scan and DoS Protection. DoS protection protects your LAN against denial of service attacks such as Syn flood, Smurf Attack, Ping of Death, and many others. Select this check box only in special circumstances.
  - **Default DMZ Server**. This feature is disabled by default. It is sometimes helpful when you are playing online games or videoconferencing, but it makes the firewall security less effective. See *Set Up a Default DMZ Server* on page 72.
  - **Respond to Ping on Internet Port**. This feature allows your modem router to be discovered. Use this feature only as a diagnostic tool or if a specific reason exists.
  - **MTU Size (in bytes)**. The normal MTU (maximum transmit unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 bytes, or 1492 bytes for PPPoE connections. Change the

MTU only if you are sure that it is necessary for your ISP connection. See *Change the MTU Size* on page 28.

• **Disable SIP ALG**. Some VoIP applications do not work well with the SIP ALG. Selecting this check box to turn off the SIP ALG might help your VoIP devices to create or accept a call through the modem router.

SIP ALG stands for Application Layer Gateway, and is common in many commercial routers. It intends to prevent some of the problems caused by router firewalls by inspecting VoIP traffic (packets) and if necessary modifying it. Many routers have SIP ALG turned on by default.

6. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

## Set Up a Default DMZ Server

The default DMZ server feature is helpful when you are using some online games and videoconferencing applications that are incompatible with Network Address Translation (NAT). The modem router is programmed to recognize some of these applications and to work correctly with them, but other applications might not function well. In some cases, one local computer can run the application correctly if the IP address for that computer is entered as the default DMZ server.



## WARNING:

DMZ servers pose a security risk. A computer designated as the default DMZ server loses much of the protection of the firewall and is exposed to exploits from the Internet. If compromised, the DMZ server computer can be used to attack other computers on your network.

The modem router usually detects and discards incoming traffic from the Internet that is not a response to one of your local computers or a service that you configured in the Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page. Instead of discarding this traffic, you can direct the modem router to forward the traffic to one computer on your network. This computer is called the default DMZ server.

#### > To set up a default DMZ server:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

- 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > WAN Setup.
- 5. Select the **Default DMZ Server** check box.
- 6. Type the IP address.
- 7. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## Manually Configure LAN Switch Ports

The modem router's LAN interference is a 10/100/1GBASE-T Ethernet switch. By default, the switch ports are set to automatically negotiate speed and duplex with any connected device. Manual configuration might be desirable if the devices fail to properly autonegotiate.

#### > To manually configure LAN switch ports:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

### 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Switch.

		_			Apply 🕨	Cancel		
		Speed		Duplex		Active		
Port	Auto	10	100	1000	half	full	Active	
1	<b>V</b>	0	0	0	0	O		
2	<b>V</b>	0	0	0	0	0		
3		0	0	0	0	0		
4	<b>V</b>	0	0	0	0	0		

- 5. Select the appropriate speed and duplex.
- 6. To disable a LAN port, clear the check box in the Active column.
- 7. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## Change the Modem Router's Device Name

The modem router's device name is C7100V. This device name displays in file manager when you browse your network.

> To change the modem router's device name:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

The LAN Setup page displays.

- 5. In the **Device Name** field, type a new name.
- 6. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

### Change the LAN TCP/IP Settings

The modem router is preconfigured to use private IP addresses on the LAN side and to act as a DHCP server. The modem router's default LAN IP configuration is as follows:

- LAN IP address. 192.168.0.1
- Subnet mask. 255.255.255.0

These addresses are part of the designated private address range for use in private networks and are suitable for most applications. If your network requires a different IP addressing scheme, you can change these settings.

You might want to change these settings if you need a specific IP subnet that one or more devices on the network uses, or if competing subnets use the same IP scheme.

### > To change the LAN TCP/IP settings:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

LAN Setup					
	Apply 🕨 🗙 🗙 Car	ncel			
Device Name		C7000-100NAS			
LAN TCP/IP Setup					
IP Address		192 . 168 . 0 . 1			
IP Subnet Mask		255 . 255 . 255 . 0			
✓ Use Gateway as DHCP Server					
Starting IP Address		192 . 168 . 0 . 10			
Ending IP Address		192 . 168 . 0 . 254			
Address Reservation					
# IP Address	Device Name	MAC Address			

- 5. In the **IP Address** fields, type the IP address.
- 6. In the IP Subnet Mask fields, type the subnet mask of the modem router.

The IP address and subnet mask identify which addresses are local to a specific device and which must be reached through a gateway or modem router.

7. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

If you changed the LAN IP address of the modem router, you are disconnected when this change takes effect.

8. To reconnect, close your browser, relaunch it, and log in to the modem router

## Specify the IP Addresses That the Modem Router Assigns

By default, the modem router acts as a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server. The modem router assigns IP, DNS server, and default gateway addresses to all computers connected to the LAN. The assigned default gateway address is the LAN address of the modem router.

These addresses must be part of the same IP address subnet as the modem router's LAN IP address. Using the default addressing scheme, define a range between 192.168.0.2 and 192.168.0.254, although you can save part of the range for devices with fixed addresses.

- > To specify the pool of IP addresses that the modem router assigns:
  - 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

AN Setup	Apply ► XC	ancet
Device Name		C7000-100NAS
LAN TCP/IP Setup		
IP Address		192 . 168 . 0 . 1
IP Subnet Mask		255 . 255 . 255 . 0
✓ Use Gateway as DHCP Server		
Starting IP Address		192 . 168 . 0 . 10
Ending IP Address		192 . 168 . 0 . 254
Address Reservation		
# IP Address	Device Name	MAC Address

- 5. Make sure that the Use Router as DHCP Server check box is selected.
- 6. Specify the range of IP addresses that the modem router assigns:
  - a. In the Starting IP Address field, type the lowest number in the range.

This IP address must be in the same subnet as the modem router.

**b.** In the **Ending IP Address** field, type the number at the end of the range of IP addresses.

This IP address must be in the same subnet as the modem router.

7. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

The modem router delivers the following parameters to any LAN device that requests DHCP:

- An IP address from the range that you defined
- Subnet mask
- Gateway IP address (the modem router's LAN IP address)
- DNS server IP address (the modem router's LAN IP address)

## **Disable the DHCP Server Feature in the Modem Router**

By default, the modem router acts as a DHCP server. The modem router assigns IP, DNS server, and default gateway addresses to all computers connected to the LAN. The assigned default gateway address is the LAN address of the modem router.

You can use another device on your network as the DHCP server, or specify the network settings of all your computers.

### > To disable the DHCP server feature in the modem router:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

The LAN Setup page displays.

- 5. Clear the Use Router as DHCP Server check box.
- 6. Click the Apply button.

(Optional) If this service is disabled and no other DHCP server is on your network, set your computer IP addresses manually so that they can access the modem router.

### Manage LAN IP Addresses

When you specify a reserved IP address for a computer on the LAN, that computer always receives the same IP address each time it accesses the modem router's DHCP server. Assign reserved IP addresses to computers or servers that require permanent IP settings.

### **Reserve an IP Address**

- > To reserve an IP address:
  - 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

The LAN Setup page displays.

- 5. In the Address Reservation section, click the **Add** button.
- 6. In the **IP Address** field, type the IP address to assign to the computer or server.

Choose an IP address from the modem router's LAN subnet, such as 192.168.0.x.

7. Type the MAC address of the computer or server.

**Tip:** If the computer is already on your network, you can copy its MAC address from the Attached Devices page and paste it here.

8. Click the Apply button.

The reserved address is entered into the table.

The reserved address is not assigned until the next time the computer contacts the modem router's DHCP server. Reboot the computer, or access its IP configuration and force a DHCP release and renew.

### Edit a Reserved IP Address Entry

- > To edit a reserved address entry:
  - 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

### 4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

The LAN Setup page displays.

- 5. Select the radio button next to the reserved address.
- 6. Click the Edit button.
- 7. Change the settings.
- 8. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

### Delete a Reserved IP Address Entry

#### > To delete a reserved address entry:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Setup > LAN Setup.

The LAN Setup page displays.

- 5. Select the radio button next to the reserved address.
- 6. Click the **Delete** button.

The address is removed.

## Improve Network Connections With Universal Plug-N-Play

Universal Plug-N-Play (UPnP) helps devices, such as Internet appliances and computers, access the network and connect to other devices as needed. UPnP devices can automatically discover the services from other registered UPnP devices on the network.

If you use applications such as multiplayer gaming, peer-to-peer connections, or real-time communications such as instant messaging or remote assistance (a feature in Windows XP), enable UPnP.

#### > To enable Universal Plug-N-Play:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

### 4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > UPnP.

The UPnP page displays.

5. Select the Turn UPnP On check box.

By default, this check box is selected. UPnP for automatic device configuration can be enabled or disabled. If the **Turn UPnP On** check box is cleared, the modem router does not allow any device to automatically control modem router resources such as port forwarding.

6. Type the advertisement period in minutes.

The advertisement period specifies how often the modem router broadcasts its UPnP information. This value can range from 1 to 1440 minutes. The default period is 30 minutes. Shorter durations ensure that control points receive current device status at the expense of more network traffic. Longer durations can compromise the freshness of the device status, but can significantly reduce network traffic.

7. Type the advertisement time to live in hops.

The time to live for the advertisement is measured in hops (steps) for each UPnP packet sent. Hops are the steps a packet takes between routers. The number of hops can range from 1 to 255. The default value for the advertisement time to live is 4 hops, which should be fine for most home networks. If you notice that some devices are not being updated or reached correctly, it might be necessary to increase this value.

8. Click the **Apply** button.

The UPnP Portmap Table displays the IP address of each UPnP device that is accessing the modem router and which ports (internal and external) that device opened. The UPnP Portmap Table also displays what type of port is open and whether that port is still active for each IP address.

9. To refresh the information in the UPnP Portmap table, click the **Refresh** button.

### Use the WPS Wizard for WiFi Connections

The WPS Wizard helps you add a computer or mobile device to your WiFi network without typing the WiFi password.

### > To use the WPS Wizard:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

### 4. Select ADVANCED > WPS Wizard.

A page displays that explains WPS.

5. Click the **Next** button.

The WPS page displays.

- 6. Select the radio button for the setup method that you want to use:
  - **Push button**. Click the **WPS** button on this page.
  - **PIN Number**. The page adjusts. Enter the client security PIN, and click the **Next** button.
- 7. Within two minutes, go to the client device and use its WPS software to connect to the WiFi network.

The WPS process automatically sets up your computer or mobile device with the network password when it connects. The modem router WPS page displays a confirmation message.

## Specify Basic WiFi Settings

The modem router comes with preset security. This means that the WiFi network name (SSID), network key (password), and security option (encryption protocol) are preset in the factory. You can find the preset SSID and password on the modem router label.

**Note:** The preset SSID and password are uniquely generated for every device to protect and maximize your WiFi security.

If you change your preset security settings, make a note of the new settings and store it in a safe place where you can easily find it.

If you use a WiFi connection to change the WiFi network name (SSID) or WiFi security settings, you are disconnected when you click the **Apply** button. To avoid this problem, use a computer with a wired connection to access the modem router.

### > To specify basic WiFi settings:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select Wireless.

Wireless Setup			
	•	Apply  Cancel	
Region Selection Region: United S	itates 👻		
Vireless Network			
Name (SSID):		NETGEAR-116E	
Channel:		Auto V Current : 6	
Mode:		Up to 600 Mbps 🗹	
<ul> <li>WPA-PSK [TK</li> <li>WPAWPA2 Er</li> </ul>	IP] + WPA2-PSK [AES] iterprise		
Passphrase:	VRTTJXKS	(8-63 characters or 64 hex digits)	
Vireless Network	(5GHz a/n/ac)		
🗹 Enable SSID I	9roadcast		
Name (SSID):		NETGEAR-116E-5G	
Channel:		153 💟 Current: 153	
Node:		Up to 1.3 Gbps 🕑	
Security Options			
Help Center	_		Show/Hide Help Cent

5. In the **Region** menu, select your region.

In some locations, you cannot change this setting.

6. To control the SSID broadcast, select or clear the Enable SSID Broadcast check box.

When this check box is selected, the modem router broadcasts its network name (SSID) so that it displays when you scan for local WiFi networks on your computer or mobile device.

7. To change the network name (SSID), type a new name in the Name (SSID) field.

The name can be up to 32 characters long and it is case-sensitive. The default SSID is randomly generated and is on the modem router label. If you change the name, make sure to write down the new name and keep it in a safe place.

8. To change the WiFi channel, select a number in the **Channel** menu.

In some regions, not all channels are available. Do not change the channel unless you experience interference (shown by lost connections or slow data transfers). If this happens, experiment with different channels to see which is the best.

When you use multiple access points, it is better if adjacent access points use different channels to reduce interference. The recommended channel spacing between adjacent access points is four channels (for example, use Channels 1 and 5, or 6 and 10).

9. To change the mode, select it from the **Mode** menu.

For 2.4 GHz, **Up to 600 Mbps** is the default setting. The other settings are **Up to 289 Mbps** and **Up to 54 Mbps**.

For 5 GHz, **Up to 1300 Mbps** is the default setting, which allows 802.11ac and 802.11a WiFi devices to join the network. The other settings are **Up to 600 Mbps** and **Up to 289 Mbps**.

**10.** Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

If you used WiFi to connect to the network and you changed the SSID, you are disconnected from the network.

11. Make sure that you can connect to the WiFi network with its new settings.

If you cannot connect with WiFi, check the following:

- Is your computer or mobile device connected to another WiFi network in your area? Some computers and mobile devices automatically connect to the first open network without WiFi security that they discover.
- Is your computer or mobile device trying to connect to your network with its old settings (before you changed the settings)? If so, update the WiFi network selection in your computer or mobile device to match the current settings for your network.

### Change the WiFi Security Option

Your modem router comes with preset WPA2 or WPA security. The password that you enter to connect to your network is unique to your modem router and is on the modem router label. We recommend that you do not disable security.

### > To change the WPA settings:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Wireless.

The Wireless Settings page displays.

5. Under Security Options, select a WPA option.

The WPA2 options use the newest standard for the strongest security, but some older computers and mobile devices cannot use WPA2. By default, the **WPA2-PSK [AES]** radio button is selected.

The **Passphrase** field displays.

- 6. In the **Passphrase** field, enter the network key (password) that you want to use. It is a text string from 8 to 63 characters.
- 7. Write down the new password and keep it in a secure place for future reference.
- 8. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

### Set Up a Guest Network

A guest network allows visitors at your home to use the Internet without using your WiFi security key. You can add a guest network to each WiFi network: 2.4 GHz b/g/n and 5.0 GHz a/n.

#### > To set up a guest network:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

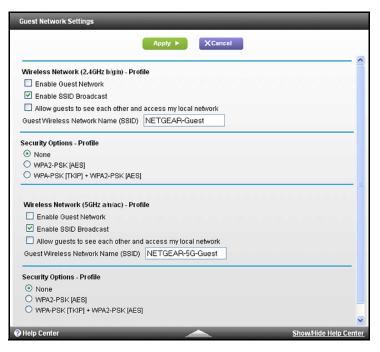
A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Guest Network.



- 5. Select any of the following settings:
  - **Enable Guest Network**. When this check box is selected, the guest network is enabled, and guests can connect to your network using the SSID of this profile.
  - Enable SSID Broadcast. If this check box is selected, the WiFi access point broadcasts its name (SSID) to all stations. Stations with no SSID can adopt the correct SSID for connections to this access point.
  - Allow guest to see each other and access my local network. If this check box is selected, anyone who connects to this SSID can access your local network, not just the Internet.
- 6. Give the guest network a name.

The guest network name is case-sensitive and can be up to 32 characters. You then manually configure the devices in your network to use the guest network name in addition to the main SSID.

7. Select a security option.

The WPA2 options use the newest standard for the strongest security, but some older computers and mobile devices cannot use it. We recommend that you select the **WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]** radio button. This setting protects your WiFi network and lets computers and mobile devices connect to the WiFi network by using either WPA2 or WPA security.

8. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

## Specify WPS Settings

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) lets you join the WiFi network without typing the WiFi password.

### > To specify WPS settings:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Wireless Settings.

The Router's PIN field displays the PIN that you use on a registrar (for example, from the Network Explorer on a Windows Vista computer) to configure the modem router's WiFi settings through WPS.

5. (Optional) Select or clear the **Disable Router's PIN** check box.

The PIN function might temporarily be disabled when the modem router detects suspicious attempts to break into the modem router's WiFi settings by using the modem router's PIN through WPS. You can manually enable the PIN function by selecting the **Disable Router's PIN** check box.

6. (Optional) Select or clear the Keep Existing Wireless Settings check box.

By default, the **Keep Existing Wireless Settings** check box is selected. We recommend that you leave this check box selected.

If you clear this check box, the next time a new WiFi client uses WPS to connect to the modem router, the modem router WiFi settings change to an automatically generated random SSID and security key.

7. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

# Manage Your Network



This chapter describes the modem router settings for administering and maintaining your modem router and home network.

The chapter includes the following sections:

- Change the admin Password
- View Modem Router Status
- View the Battery Status
- View and Manage Logs of Modem Router Activity
- View Event Logs
- Run the Ping Utility
- Run the Traceroute Utility
- Monitor Internet Traffic
- View Devices Currently on the Network
- Manage the Modem Router Configuration File
- View Wireless Access Points in Your Area
- View or Change the Modem Router Wireless Channel
- Dynamic DNS
- Remote Management
- For example, if your external address is 134.177.0.123 and you use port number 8080, enter http://134.177.0.123:8080 in your browser.

## Change the admin Password

This feature let you change the default password that is used to log in to the modem router with the user name admin. This password is not the one that you use for WiFi access. The modem router label shows your unique WiFi network name (SSID) and password for WiFi access.

**Note:** Be sure to change the password for the user name admin to a secure password. The ideal password contains no dictionary words from any language and contains uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols. It can be up to 30 characters.

#### > To set the password for the user name admin:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Set Password.

Set Password			
	Apply ►	XCancel	
Old Password			
Set Password			
Repeat New Password			

- 5. Type the old password, and type the new password twice.
- 6. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

## View Modem Router Status

- > To view modem router status and usage information:
  - 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

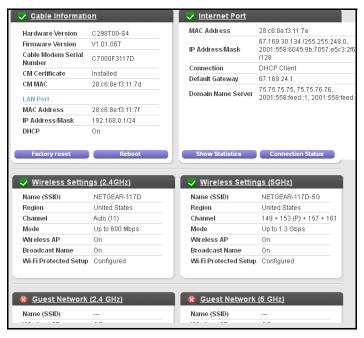
A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Click the **ADVANCED** tab.



5. For information about the displayed settings, click the **Show/Hide Help Center** link at the bottom of the page.

### **Display Internet Port Statistics**

- > To display Internet port statistics:
  - 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

- 4. The BASIC Home page displays.
- 5. Click the **ADVANCED** tab.

The ADVANCED Home page displays.

6. In the Internet Port pane, click the Show Statistics button.

Show Statistics									
System Up Tim	e 00:07:06								
Port	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Collisions	Tx B/s	Rx B/s	Up Time		
	Link Up	1145	16868	0	592	10745	00:05:52		
WAN LAN1	1G/Full	7132	6943	0	18523	2112	00:06:29		
LAN2	Link Down								
LAN3	Link Down								
LAN4	Link Down								
WLAN/2.4G	289M	2138	1711	0	727	776	00:07:06		
WLAN/5G	1.3G	2200	1088	0	750	396	00:07:06		
	Poll Interval: 5 (secs) Set Interval Stop								

The following information displays:

- **System Up Time**. The time elapsed since the modem router was last restarted.
- **Port**. The statistics for the WAN (Internet) and LAN (Ethernet) ports. For each port, the page displays the following information:
  - **Status**. The link status of the port.
  - **TxPkts**. The number of packets transmitted on this port since reset or manual clear.
  - **RxPkts**. The number of packets received on this port since reset or manual clear.
  - **Collisions**. The number of collisions on this port since reset or manual clear.
  - **Tx B/s**. The current transmission (outbound) bandwidth used on the WAN and LAN ports.
  - **Rx B/s**. The current reception (inbound) bandwidth used on the WAN and LAN ports.
  - **Up Time**. The time elapsed since this port acquired the link.
  - **Poll Interval**. The interval at which the statistics are updated on this page.
- 7. To change the polling frequency, enter a time in seconds in the **Poll Interval** field and click the **Set Interval** button.
- 8. To stop the polling entirely, click the **Stop** button.

### **Check the Internet Connection Status**

- > To check the Internet connection status:
  - 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Click the **ADVANCED** tab.

The ADVANCED Home page displays.

5. In the Internet Port pane, click the **Connection Status** button.

<b>Connection St</b>	Connection Status							
IP Address	67.169.30.134, 2001:558:6045:9b:7057:e5c3:2f61:56e1							
Subnet Mask	255.255.248.0, /128							
Default Gateway	67.169.24.1							
DHCP Server	69.252.97.68							
DNS Server	75.75.75.75, 75.75.76.76, 2001:558:feed::1, 2001:558:feed::2							
Lease Obtained	3 days,18 Hours,9 minutes							
Lease Expires	3 days,18 Hours,2 minutes							
	Release Renew							
	Close Window							

The following information displays:

- IP Address. The IP address that is assigned to the modem router.
- Subnet Mask. The subnet mask that is assigned to the modem router.
- **Default Gateway**. The IP address for the default gateway that the modem router communicates with.
- **DHCP Server**. The IP address for the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol server that provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the computers that are connected to the modem router.
- **DNS Server**. The IP address of the Domain Name Service server that provides translation of network names to IP addresses.
- Lease Obtained. The date and time when the lease was obtained.
- Lease Expires. The date and time that the lease expires.
- 6. To return the status of all items to 0, click the **Release** button.
- 7. To refresh the window, click the **Renew** button.

8. To exit, click the **Close Window** button.

## **View the Battery Status**

#### > To check the battery status:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Battery Status.

Status	Not Present	
JPS Measurement	Battery	
Temperature(s)	26 degC	
Input Voltage	12127 mV	
Charger State	Idle	
Current Power Source	utility	
Battery Status		
Built Tue Sep 17 15:03:56 2	2013	
Driver BCM3384 BMU Picoco	ode rev 2.6.1a1	
Controller Battery Charge Module Software		

## View and Manage Logs of Modem Router Activity

The log is a detailed record of the websites you accessed or attempted to access and other modem router actions. Up to 256 entries are stored in the log. Log entries display only when keyword blocking is enabled and no log entries are made for the trusted user.

#### > To view and manage logs:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Logs.

Apply ►		Cancel		
Description	Count	Last Occurrence	Target	Source
[UPnP set event: GetNATRSIPStatus] from source 192.168.0.12	1	Wed Nov 19 10:59:21 2014	0.0.0.0:0	192.168.0.12:0
[UPnP set event: GetConnectionTypeInfo] from source 192.168.0.12	1	Wed Nov 19 10:59:21 2014	0.0.0.0:0	192.168.0.12:0
admin login) from source 192.168.0.12	1	Wed Nov 19 10:59:07 2014	0.0.0.0:0	192.168.0.12:0
[DHCP IP: 192.168.0.11] to MAC address 00:18:4d:ff:ff:07	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:35 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0
[DHCP IP: 192.168.0.14] to MAC address ac:fd:ec:5f:4a:05	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:33 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0
[DHCP IP: 192.168.0.12] to MAC address 00:1a:6b:6d:8f:19	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:33 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0
[Internet connected] IP address: 67.169.30.134	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:30 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0
[DHCP IP: 192.168.0.11] to MAC address 00:18:4d:ff:ff:07	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:24 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0
[DHCP IP: 192.168.0.14] to MAC address actfd:ec:5f:4a:05	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:22 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0
[DHCP IP: 192.168.0.12] to MAC address 00:1a:6b:6d:8f:19	1	Wed Nov 19 10:58:15 2014	0.0.0.0:0	0.0.0.0:0

The Logs page shows the following information:

- Source. The IP address of the initiating device for this log entry.
- **Target**. The name or IP address of the website or news group visited or to which access was attempted.
- 5. To customize the log, scroll down to view the bottom of the page and clear or select the check boxes.
- 6. To refresh the log page, click the **Refresh** button.
- 7. To clear the log entries, click the Clear Log button.
- 8. To email the log immediately, click the **Send Log** button.

### **View Event Logs**

Event logs capture important modem router events.

#### > To view the event logs:

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Event Log.

Event Log	Évent Log						
	CI	ear Log Refresh					
Time	Priority	Description					
1970-1-1, 00:00:43	Critical (3)	SYNC Timing Synchronization failure - Failed to acquire QAM/QPSK symbol timing;;CM-MAC=28:c6:8e:73:11:7d; CMTS-MAC=00:00:00:00:00:00;CM-QOS=1.0;CM-VER=3.0;					
1970-1-1, 00:01:45	Critical (3)	No Ranging Response received - T3 time-out;CM- MAC=28:c6:8e:f3:11:7d;CMTS-MAC=00:01:5c:63:c0:74; CM-QOS=1.0;CM-VER=3.0;					
1970-1-1, 00:00:41	Critical (3)	SYNC Timing Synchronization failure - Failed to acquire QAM/QPSK symbol timing;;CM-MAC=28:c6:8e:T3:11:7d; CMTS-MAC=00:00:00:00:00:00;CM-QOS=1.0;CM-VER=3.0;					
1970-1-1, 00:00:42	Notice (6)	WiFi Interface [wl0] set to Channel 11 (Side-Band Channel:N/A) - Reason:INIT					
1970-1-1, 00:00:42	Notice (6)	WiFi Interface [wl1] set to Channel 153 (Side-Band Channel:N/A) - Reason:INIT					
1970-1-1, 00:00:49	Notice (6)	Honoring MDD; IP provisioning mode = IPv6					

The Event Log page shows the following information:

- **Time**. The time the event log entry was recorded.
- **Priority**. The severity for this event log entry.
- **Description**. A description of this event log entry.
- 5. To refresh the log page, click the **Refresh** button.
- 6. To clear the log entries, click the Clear Log button.

## Run the Ping Utility

Ping is an administration utility that tests whether a computer on the network is reachable and measures the time it takes messages sent from the originating device to reach a destination computer and return.

- > To run a ping test:
  - 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
  - 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Diagnostics.

Diagnostics					
	Start Test 🕨	Abort Test 🕨	Clear Re	esults	
Jtility			333	Ping Ping Test P IPv4	▼ arameters IPv6 ●
Farget					
Ping Size (in bytes)		-			64
No. of Pings					3
Ping Interval (in ms)				1000	)
-		Results			
	Waiting for inp				
		he REFRESH button.	REFRESH	11	

In the Utility menu, Ping is selected by default.

- 5. Select the Ping Test Parameters **IPv4** or **IPv6** radio button.
- 6. Specify the following parameters for the ping utility:
  - **Target**. The IP address of the ping target computer.
  - **Ping Size**. The size (in bytes) of the ping packet.
  - **No. of Pings**. The number of times to ping the target computer. The maximum number of pings is 128.
  - **Ping Interval**. The time between pings.
- 7. Click the Start Test button.

The ping results display.

- 8. To stop a ping test, click the **Abort Test** button.
- 9. To clear the results from the display, click the **Clear Results** button.

## **Run the Traceroute Utility**

To display the route and measure transit delays of packets across an IP, run the traceroute utility.

- > To run a traceroute test:
  - 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
  - 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

#### 4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Diagnostics.

The Diagnostics page displays.

5. In the Utility menu, select Traceroute.

Diagnostics	
Start Test 🕨 🛛 🗙 XAbort Test 📄 Cie	ar Results
Utility	Traceroute 💌
Target (IP address or Name)	Traceroute Parameters
Max Hops	255
Data Size (in bytes)	32
Base Port	33434
Resolve Host	Off 🛩
Results	
Waiting for input	
	Landar (
	.::
To view result updates, click the REFRESH button. REFR	ESH
Help Center	Show/Hide Help Cent

- 6. Specify the following parameters for the traceroute utility:
  - **Target**. The IP address or host name of the computer that you are tracing.
  - **Max Hops**. The maximum number of hops to allow when tracing the route.
  - **Data Size**. The input the size (in bytes) of the packet.
  - **Base Port**. The port number to send the packet to.

- **Resolve Host**. Select **On** to resolve the host name to the IP address.
- 7. Click the Start Test button.

The traceroute results display.

8. To clear the results from the display, click the Clear Results button.

## **Monitor Internet Traffic**

Traffic metering allows you to monitor the volume of Internet traffic that passes through the modem router Internet port. You can set limits for traffic volume.

### > To monitor Internet traffic:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

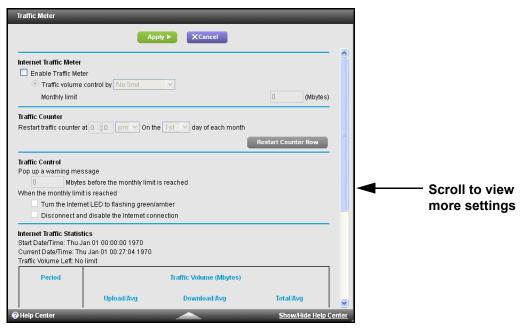
A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Traffic Meter.



- 5. Select the Enable Traffic Meter check box.
- 6. To control the volume of Internet traffic, use either the traffic volume control feature or the connection time control feature:

- Select the **Traffic volume control by** radio button and then select one of the following options:
  - **No Limit**. No restriction is applied when the traffic limit is reached.
  - **Download only**. The restriction is applied to incoming traffic only.
  - Both Directions. The restriction is applied to both incoming and outgoing traffic.
- Select the **Connection time control** radio button and enter the allowed hours in the **Monthly limit** field.
- 7. If your ISP charges for extra data volume when you make a new connection, enter the extra data volume in MB in the **Round up data volume for each connection by field**.
- 8. In the Traffic Counter section, set the traffic counter to begin at a specific time and date.

To start the traffic counter immediately, click the **Restart Counter Now** button.

**9.** In the Traffic Control section, enter a value in minutes to specify when the modem router issues a warning message before the monthly limit of Mbytes or hours is reached.

By default, the value is 0 and no warning message is issued. Select one of the following to occur when the limit is attained:

- The Internet LED blinks green or amber.
- The Internet connection is disconnected and disabled.
- **10.** Click the **Apply** button.

The Internet Traffic Statistics section helps you to monitor the data traffic.

- **11.** To update the Traffic Statistics section, click the **Refresh** button.
- **12.** To display more information about the data traffic on your modem router and to change the poll interval, click the **Traffic Status** button.

### **View Devices Currently on the Network**

You can view all computers or devices that are currently connected to your network.

### > To view devices on the network:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select Attached Devices.

Access Control: Turned Off	C Refresh
<u># IP Address MAC Address Dev</u>	<u>ice Name</u>
1 192.168.0.10 00:18:4D:FF:FF:07 ReadySHAR	E (Internal server)
2 192.168.0.11 40:2C:F4:EB:F7:7F labus	er-Amisha
IG Wireless Devices (Wireless intruders also show up here) SSID IP Address MAC Address Dev	ice Name
<u>SSID IP Address MAC Address Dev</u>	<u>ice name</u>
Wireless Devices (Wireless intruders also show up here)	

The Wired Devices section lists devices that are connected to the modem router with Ethernet cables. The Wireless Devices section lists devices that are connected to the WiFi network. The following information is displayed:

- **Status**. The status of the device, Allowed or Blocked.
- Device Name. If the device name is known, it is shown here.
- **IP Address**. The IP address that the modem router assigned to this device when it joined the network. This number can change if a device is disconnected and rejoins the network.
- **MAC Address**. The unique MAC address for each device does not change. The MAC address is typically shown on the product label.
- 5. To update this page, click the **Refresh** button.

### Manage the Modem Router Configuration File

The configuration settings of the modem router are stored within the modem router in a configuration file. You can back up (save) this file to your computer, restore it, or reset it to the factory default settings.

### Back Up Settings

- > To back up the modem router's configuration settings:
  - **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Backup Settings.

Backup Settings
Save a copy of current settings Back Up
Restore saved settings from a file Browse
Restore
Revert to factory default settings
Erase

- 5. Click the **Back Up** button.
- 6. Specify a location on your network.

A confirmation message displays.

7. Click the OK button.

A copy of the current settings is saved in the location you specified.

### **Restore Configuration Settings**

### > To restore configuration settings that you backed up:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Backup Settings.

The Backup Settings page displays.

- 5. Click the **Browse** button to find and select the .cfg file.
- 6. Click the **Restore** button.

The file is uploaded to the modem router and the modem router reboots.



### WARNING:

Do not interrupt the reboot process.

### **Erase the Current Configuration Settings**

You can erase the current configuration and restore the factory default settings. You might want to do this if you move the modem router to a different network. (See *Factory Settings* on page 123).

### > To erase the configuration settings:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Backup Settings.

The Backup Settings page displays.

5. Click the Erase button.

The factory default settings are restored. The user name is admin, the password is password, and the LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1. DHCP is enabled.

### **View Wireless Access Points in Your Area**

You can view WiFi networks or access points in your area and select and join a WiFi network.

### > To manage your WiFi access point (AP):

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Wireless AP.



The page displays the WiFi access points in use in your area.

## View or Change the Modem Router Wireless Channel

In many countries and geographic locations, laws or guidelines specify which channels can be used. Depending on your location, some channels might not be available. If many WiFi networks at your location use the same channel as your WiFi network, you might experience interference. You can change the channel to avoid the interference.

### > To view or change your WiFi channel:

- 1. Launch a web browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the modem router network.
- 2. Type http://routerlogin.net or http://192.168.0.1.

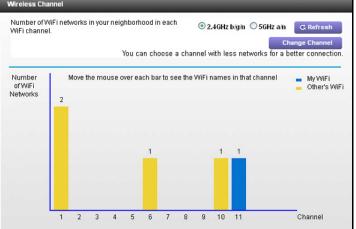
A login window opens.

3. Enter the modem router user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Administration > Wireless Channel.
Wireless Channel



The page displays WiFi channels in use in the 2.4 GHz WiFi band. Your network is shown in blue. Yellow shows other networks in your area.

- 5. To view WiFi channels in use in the 5 GHz WiFi band, select the **5 GHz a/n** radio button.
- 6. To change the WiFi channel, click the Change Channel button.

The Wireless Setup page displays.

- 7. In the **Channel** menu, select a different channel setting.
- 8. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

## **Dynamic DNS**

Internet service providers (ISPs) assign numbers called IP addresses to identify each Internet account. Most ISPs use dynamically assigned IP addresses. This means that the IP address can change at any time. You can use the IP address to access your network remotely, but most people don't know what their IP addresses are or when this number changes.

To make it easier to connect, you can get a free account with a Dynamic DNS service that lets you use a domain name to access your home network. To use this account, you must set up the modem router to use Dynamic DNS. Then the modem router notifies the Dynamic DNS service provider whenever its IP address changes. When you access your Dynamic DNS account, the service finds the current IP address of your home network and automatically connects you.

If your ISP assigns a private WAN IP address (such as 192.168.x.x or 10.x.x.x), the Dynamic DNS service does not work because private addresses are not routed on the Internet.

### Specify a DNS Account

- > To set up Dynamic DNS in the modem router:
  - **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
  - 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Settings > Dynamic DNS.

Dynamic DNS				
	Apply 🕨	XCancel	Show Status	
Use a Dynamic DNS	Service			
Use a Dynamic DNS	Service			www.DynDNS.org
	Service			www.DynDNS.org
Service Provider	s Service			www.DynDNS.org

- 5. Select the Use a Dynamic DNS Service check box.
- 6. In the Service Provider menu, select your service provider.
- 7. In the **Host Name** field, type the host name (sometimes called the domain name) for your account.
- 8. In the **User Name** field, enter the user name for your account.
- 9. In the **Password (6-32 characters)** field, type the password for your DDNS account.
- **10.** Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

**11.** To verify that your Dynamic DNS service is enabled in the modem router, click the **Show Status** button.

A message displays the Dynamic DNS status.

### Change the Dynamic DNS Settings

- To change your settings:
  - **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.

2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

### 4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Settings > Dynamic DNS.

The Dynamic DNS page displays.s

- 5. Change your DDNS account settings as necessary.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

### **Remote Management**

The remote management feature lets you access your modem router over the Internet to view or change its settings. You must know the modem router's WAN IP address to use this feature.

**Note:** Be sure to change the password for the user name admin to a secure password. The ideal password contains no dictionary words from any language and contains uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols. It can be up to 30 characters. See *Change the admin Password* on page 88.

### > To set up remote management:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Remote Management.

Remote Management					
	Apply ►	XCancel			
Turn Remote Management On					
Remote Management Address: https://0.0.0.0:8443					
Allow Remote Access By:			 		
Only This Computer:				· .	
O IP Address Range:		From To		· ·	
• Everyone					
Port Number:				844	3

- 5. Select the Turn Remote Management On check box.
- 6. In the Allow Remote Access By section, specify the external IP addresses to be allowed to access the modem router's remote management:.

**Note:** For enhanced security, restrict access to as few external IP addresses as practical.

Select one of the following:

- To allow access from a single IP address on the Internet, select the Only This Computer radio button. Enter the IP address to be allowed access.
- To allow access from a range of IP addresses on the Internet, select the IP Address Range radio button. Enter a beginning and ending IP address to define the allowed range.
- To allow access from any IP address on the Internet, select the Everyone radio button.
- 7. Specify the port number for accessing the modem router's web pages.

Normal web browser access uses the standard HTTP service port 80. For greater security, enter a custom port number for remote access to the modem router web pages. Choose a number from 1024 to 65535, but do not use the number of any common service port. The default is 8080, which is a common alternate for HTTP.

8. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

#### > To use remote access:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser on a computer that is not on your home network.
- **2.** Type your modem router's WAN IP address into your browser's address or location field followed by a colon (:) and the custom port number.

For example, if your external address is 134.177.0.123 and you use port number 8080, enter **http://134.177.0.123:8080** in your browser.

# **Specify Internet Port Settings**

You can use port forwarding and port triggering to set up rules for Internet traffic. You need networking knowledge to set up these features.

10

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Set Up Port Forwarding to a Local Server
- Set Up Port Triggering

### Set Up Port Forwarding to a Local Server

If your home network includes a server, you can allow certain types of incoming traffic to reach the server. For example, you might want to make a local web server, FTP server, or game server visible and available to the Internet.

The modem router can forward incoming traffic with specific protocols to computers on your local network. You can specify the servers for applications and you can also specify a default DMZ server to which the modem router forwards all other incoming protocols.

#### > To forward incoming traffic for a default service or application:

- **1.** Decide which type of service, application, or game you want to provide.
- 2. Find the local IP address of the computer on your network that will provide the service.

The server computer must always use the same IP address. To specify this setting, use the reserved IP address feature. See *Manage LAN IP Addresses* on page 77.

- 3. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 4. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

5. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

6. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Port Forwarding/Port Triggering.

Port Forwarding / Port Triggering				
	Apply 🕨	XCancel		
Please select the service type.				
Port Forwarding				
Port Triggering				
O Always Service Name	Se	rver IP Addre	ss	
FTP V	19			+Add
Port Forwarding Portmap Table				
# Enable Service Name Exte	ernal Port External	IP Address	Internal Port	Internal IP Address
🖌 Edit Service	X Delete Servic		Add Custom Se	rvice
	A boline			

- 7. Leave the **Port Forwarding** radio button selected as the service type.
- 8. In the Service Name menu, select the service name.

If the service that you want to add is not in the menu, create a custom service. See *Add a Custom Port Forwarding Service* on page 109.

- 9. In the **Server IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the computer that will provide the service.
- **10.** Click the **Add** button.

The service displays in the menu.

### Add a Custom Port Forwarding Service

#### > To add a custom service:

1. Find out which port number or range of numbers the application uses.

You can usually find this information by contacting the publisher of the application or user groups or news groups.

- 2. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 3. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

4. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

5. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Port Forwarding/Port Triggering.

The Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page displays.

- 6. Leave the **Port Forwarding** radio button selected as the service type.
- 7. Click the Add Custom Service button.

Ports - Custom Services	
	Apply  Cancel
Service Name	
Service Type	TCP/UDP V
External Starting Port	(1~65535)
External Ending Port	(1~65535)
Use the same port range for	Internal port
Internal Starting Port	(1~65535)
Internal Ending Port	
Internal IP address	192 . 168 . 0 .
External IP Address	Any V

- 8. In the **Service Name** field, enter a descriptive name.
- 9. In the Service Type menu, select the protocol.

If you are unsure, select TCP/UDP.

10. In the External Starting Port field, enter the beginning port number.

If the application uses a single port, enter the same port number in the Ending Port field.

If the application uses a range of ports, enter the ending port number of the range in the **External Ending Port** field.

- **11.** Specify the internal ports by one of these methods:
  - Leave the Use the same port range for Internal port check box selected.
  - Type the port numbers in the Internal Starting Port and Internal Ending Port fields.
- **12.** Type the IP address in the **Internal IP address** field or select the radio button for an attached device listed in the table.
- **13.** Click the **Apply** button.

The service is now in the list on the Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page.

### **Edit a Port Forwarding Service**

#### > To edit a port forwarding entry:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Port Forwarding/Port Triggering.

The Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page displays.

- 5. Leave the **Port Forwarding** radio button selected as the service type.
- 6. In the table, select the radio button next to the service name.
- 7. Click the Edit Service button.

The Ports - Custom Services page displays.

- 8. Specify changes to any of the following settings:
  - Service Name. Type the service name.
  - Service Type. If you are unsure, select TCP/UDP.
  - External Starting Port. If the application uses a single port, enter the same port number in the External Ending Port field. If the application uses a range of ports, enter the ending port number of the range in the External Ending Port field.

- For the internal ports, leave the **Use the same port range for Internal port** check box selected.
- **Internal IP address**. Type the IP address in the **Internal IP address** field, or select the radio button for an attached device listed in the table.
- 9. Click the Apply button.

Your settings are saved.

### Delete a Port Forwarding Entry

#### > To delete a port forwarding entry:

- **1.** Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

**3.** Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Port Forwarding/Port Triggering.

The Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page displays.

- 5. Select the **Port Forwarding** radio button as the service type
- 6. In the table, select the radio button next to the service name.
- 7. Click the **Delete Service** button.

The service is deleted.

#### **Application Example: Make a Local Web Server Public**

If you host a web server on your local network, you can use port forwarding to allow web requests from anyone on the Internet to reach your web server.

#### > To make a local web server public:

1. Assign your web server either a fixed IP address or a dynamic IP address using DHCP address reservation.

In this example, your modem router always gives your web server an IP address of 192.168.0.33.

2. On the Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page, configure the modem router to forward the HTTP service to the local address of your web server at **192.168.0.33**.

HTTP (port 80) is the standard protocol for web servers.

**3.** (Optional) Register a host name with a Dynamic DNS service, and specify that name in the Dynamic DNS page.

Dynamic DNS makes it much easier to access a server from the Internet because you can type the name in the Internet browser. Otherwise, you must know the IP address that the ISP assigned, which typically changes.

### How the Modem Router Implements the Port Forwarding Rule

The following sequence shows the effects of a port forwarding rule:

- 1. When you type the URL www.example.com in your browser, the browser sends a web page request message with the following destination information:
  - **Destination address**. The IP address of www.example.com, which is the address of your modem router.
  - **Destination port number**. 80, which is the standard port number for a web server process.
- 2. Your modem router receives the message and finds your port forwarding rule for incoming port 80 traffic.
- **3.** The modem router changes the destination in the message to IP address 192.168.0.123 and sends the message to that computer.
- 4. Your web server at IP address 192.168.0.123 receives the request and sends a reply message to your modem router.
- 5. Your modem router performs Network Address Translation (NAT) on the source IP address, and sends the reply through the Internet to the computer or mobile device that sent the web page request.

## Set Up Port Triggering

Port triggering is a dynamic extension of port forwarding that is useful in these cases:

- An application must use port forwarding to more than one local computer (but not simultaneously).
- An application must open incoming ports that are different from the outgoing port.

With port triggering, the modem router monitors traffic to the Internet from an outbound "trigger" port that you specify. For outbound traffic from that port, the modem router saves the IP address of the computer that sent the traffic. The modem router temporarily opens the incoming port or ports that you specify in your rule, and forwards that incoming traffic to that destination.

Port forwarding creates a static mapping of a port number or range of ports to a single local computer. Port triggering can dynamically open ports to any computer when needed and close the ports when they are no longer needed.

**Note:** If you use applications such as multiplayer gaming, peer-to-peer connections, real-time communications such as instant messaging, or remote assistance (a feature in Windows XP), enable Universal Plug-N-Play (UPnP).

## Add a Port Triggering Service

#### > To add a port triggering service:

- 1. Launch an Internet browser from a computer or mobile device that is connected to the network.
- 2. Type http://www.routerlogin.net or http://www.routerlogin.com.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The BASIC Home page displays.

4. Select ADVANCED > Advanced Setup > Port Forwarding/Port Triggering.

The Port Forwarding/Port Triggering page displays.

- 5. Select the **Port Triggering** radio button.
- 6. Click the Add Service button.

Port Triggering - Services	
	Apply  XCancel
Service	
Service Name	
Service User	Any
Service Type	
Triggering Starting Port	(1~65535)
Triggering Ending Port	(1~65535)
Inbound Connection	
Starting Port	(1~65535)
Ending Port	(1~65535)

- 7. In the **Service Name** field, type a descriptive service name.
- 8. In the Service User menu, select Any, or select Single address and enter the IP address of one computer:
  - Any (the default) allows any computer on the Internet to use this service.
  - Single address restricts the service to a particular computer.
- 9. Select the service type, either TCP or UDP or TCP/UDP (both).

If you are not sure, select TCP/UDP.

- 10. In the Service Type fields, enter the starting and ending ports.
- 11. Enter the inbound connection port information in the Starting Port and Ending Port fields.
- **12.** Click the **Apply** button.

The service is now in the Portmap table. You must enable port triggering before the modem router uses port triggering for the service that you added.

### Application Example: Port Triggering for Internet Relay Chat

Some application servers, such as FTP and IRC servers, send replies to multiple port numbers. Using port triggering, you can tell the modem router to open more incoming ports when a particular outgoing port starts a session.

An example is Internet Relay Chat (IRC). Your computer connects to an IRC server at destination port 6667. The IRC server not only responds to your originating source port, but also sends an "identify" message to your computer on port 113. Using port triggering, you can tell the modem router, "When you initiate a session with destination port 6667, you must also allow incoming traffic on port 113 to reach the originating computer." The following sequence shows the effects of this port triggering rule you defined:

- 1. You open an IRC client program to start a chat session on your computer.
- 2. Your IRC client composes a request message to an IRC server using a destination port number of 6667, the standard port number for an IRC server process. Your computer then sends this request message to your modem router.
- 3. Your modem router creates an entry in its internal session table describing this communication session between your computer and the IRC server. Your modem router stores the original information, performs Network Address Translation (NAT) on the source address and port, and sends this request message through the Internet to the IRC server.
- 4. Noting your port triggering rule and observing the destination port number of 6667, your modem router creates another session entry to send any incoming port 113 traffic to your computer.
- 5. The IRC server sends a return message to your modem router using the NAT-assigned source port (for example, port 33333) as the destination port. The IRC server also sends an "identify" message to your modem router with destination port 113.
- 6. When your modem router receives the incoming message to destination port 33333, it checks its session table to see if a session is active for port number 33333. Finding an active session, the modem router restores the original address information replaced by NAT and sends this reply message to your computer.
- 7. When your modem router receives the incoming message to destination port 113, it checks its session table and finds an active session for port 113 associated with your computer. The modem router replaces the message's destination IP address with your computer's IP address and forwards the message to your computer.
- 8. When you finish your chat session, your modem router eventually senses a period of inactivity in the communications. The modem router then removes the session information from its session table, and incoming traffic is no longer accepted on port numbers 33333 or 113.

# Troubleshooting

This chapter provides information to help you diagnose and solve problems you might experience with your modem router. If you do not find the solution here, check the NETGEAR support site at *http://support.netgear.com* for product and contact information.

11

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Troubleshoot with the LEDs
- Changes Not Saved
- Cannot Log In to the Modem Router
- WiFi Connectivity
- Phone Does Not Get a Dial Tone
- Use LEDs to Troubleshoot
- Troubleshoot Your Network Using the Ping Utility

## Troubleshoot with the LEDs

You can use the LEDs on the front panel of the modem router for troubleshooting.

### **Power LED Is Off**

- Make sure that the power cord is securely connected to your modem router and securely connected to a working power outlet.
- Check that you are using the power cord that NETGEAR supplied for this product.
- If the problem persists, contact technical support for help at www.netgear.com/support.

### LEDs Never Turn Off

When the modem router is turned on, the LEDs light for about 10 seconds and then turn off. If all the LEDs stay on, this indicates a fault within the modem router.

If all LEDs are still lit one minute after power-up, do the following:

- 1. Cycle the power to see if the modem router recovers.
- 2. Press and hold the **Reset** button to return the modem router to its factory settings. For more information, see *Factory Settings* on page 123.

If the error persists, a hardware problem might exist. Contact technical support at *netgear.com/support*.

### Internet LED Is Off

If the Internet LED is off and the modem router is connected to the cable television cable, try the following:

- Make sure that the coaxial cable connections are secure at the modem router and at the wall jack.
- Make sure that your cable Internet provider provisioned your cable Internet service. Your provider can verify that the signal quality is good enough for modem router service.
- Remove any excessive splitters that on your cable line. Run a "home run" back to the point where the cable enters your home.

## Troubleshoot the Cable Internet Connection

When your modem router cannot access the Internet and your Internet LED is on, register the cable MAC address or device MAC address of your modem router with your cable Internet provider.

Additionally, check to make sure that the setting for your computer's TCP/IP gateway is set to use the modem router. If your computer obtains its information from the modem router by DHCP, reboot the computer and verify the gateway address.

## Cannot Log In to the Modem Router

If you are unable to log in to the modem router from a computer or mobile device on your local network, check the following:

- 1. Make sure that you are connected to the modem router's wired or WiFi network.
  - For a wired Ethernet connection, make sure that the Ethernet connection is secure and the modem router is powered on (its Power LED is lit).
  - For a WiFi connection, make sure that you selected the correct network. If you cannot find the WiFi network, make sure that the modem router is powered on (its Power LED is lit). If the modem router is powered on, it is possible that someone turned off the SSID broadcast. See *WiFi Connectivity* on page 118.
- 2. If you are connected to the modem router network, but the web browser does not display the login window, check the following:
  - Make sure that Java, JavaScript, or ActiveX is enabled in your browser. If you are
    using Internet Explorer, click the **Refresh** button to be sure that the Java applet is
    loaded.
  - Try quitting the browser and launching it again.
- **3.** If the browser displays the login window, but you cannot access the modem router, make sure that you are using the correct login information.

The user name is **admin**, and the default password is **password**. Both are case-sensitive. Make sure that Caps Lock is off when you enter this information.

- **4.** If you customized advanced home network settings such as the IP address scheme, check the following:
  - Make sure that the IP address of your computer is on the same subnet as the modem router. If you are using the recommended addressing scheme, your computer's address is in the range of 192.168.0.2 to 192.168.0.254.
  - If your computer's IP address is shown as 169.254.x.x, recent versions of Windows and Mac OS generate and assign an IP address if the computer cannot reach a DHCP server. These autogenerated addresses are in the range of 169.254.x.x. If your IP address is in this range, check the connection from the computer to the modem router, and reboot your computer.
  - If your modem router's IP address was changed and you do not know the current IP address, clear the modem router's configuration to factory defaults. This sets the modem router's IP address to 192.168.0.1. For more information, see *Factory Settings* on page 123.

## Changes Not Saved

If the modem router does not save the changes you make in the modem router interface, check the following:

- When entering configuration settings, always click the **Apply** button before moving to another page or tab, or your changes are lost.
- Click the **Refresh** or **Reload** button in the web browser. It is possible that the changes occurred, but the old settings are in the web browser's cache.

## **WiFi Connectivity**

If you are experiencing trouble connecting to the modem router with WiFi, try to isolate the problem:

• The computer or WiFi device that you are using does not find the WiFi network.

This can happen for the following reasons:

- Someone logged in to the modem router and disabled its SSID broadcast. Your WiFi network is hidden and does not display in your WiFi client's scanning list. (By default, SSID broadcast is enabled.)

To connect with WiFi, you must type the network SSID and password. For information about how to enable the SSID broadcast, see *Specify Basic WiFi Settings* on page 81.

- You can find the WiFi network, but you can't connect. Check the following:
  - Make sure that your computer or WiFi device supports the security that you are using for your WiFI network (WPA or WPA2),
  - Make sure that you are using the correct WiFi password.

The preset WiFi password is on the modem router label. If you changed it and do not remember the new password, you can use a wired Ethernet connection to log in to the modem router and view or change the WiFi password. For more information, see *Change the WiFi Security Option* on page 83.

- Check to see if the WiFi signal strength is weak in your location.

Is your modem router too far from your computer, or too close? Place your computer near the modem router, but at least 6 feet (1.8 meters) away, and see if the signal strength improves.

Check for sources of WiFi interference that might block the signal. See *Position Your Modem Router* on page 13.

## Phone Does Not Get a Dial Tone

#### > To troubleshoot a phone without a dial tone:

1. Check the modem router LEDs:

The Power LED is lit, indicating that the modem router is receiving power.

The Internet LED is lit, indicating that the modem router is connected to the Internet.

The Tel (voice) LEDs indicates the status of the phone line. If this LED is off, the phone service is not set up. If this LED is blinking, a phone is off the hook.

If the Tel (voice) LED for the line that you are using is lit solid, proceed to the following step.

- 2. Make sure that the phone cable is securely connected to the telephone and to the phone port on the modem router.
- 3. Connect a different phone and see if the other phone gets a dial tone.
- 4. Connect a different phone cable.
- 5. Plug the modem router in to a different electrical outlet.
- 6. Contact your service provider.

## **Use LEDs to Troubleshoot**

The following table provides help when you are using the LEDs for troubleshooting.

LED Behavior	Action
All LEDs are off when the modem router is plugged in.	<ul> <li>Make sure that the power cord is properly connected to your modem router and that the power cord is properly connected to a functioning power outlet.</li> <li>Make sure that you are using the power cord that came with your modem router.</li> <li>If the error persists, a hardware problem occurred. Contact technical support.</li> </ul>
All LEDs stay on.	<ul> <li>Reset the configuration of the modem router to its factory defaults.</li> <li>If the error persists, a hardware problem occurred. Contact technical support.</li> </ul>

Table 3. Troubleshooting with LEDs

LED Behavior	Action	
The Online LED is off and the modem router is connected to the cable wall jack.	<ul> <li>Make sure that the coaxial cable connections are secure at the modem router and at the wall jack.</li> <li>Make sure that your Internet service provider provisioned your cable Internet service. Your ISP can verify that the signal quality is good enough for modem router service.</li> <li>Remove any excessive splitters that you installed on your cable line. Run</li> </ul>	
	a "home run" back to the point where the cable enters your home.	
The Power LED lights red.	<ul><li>The modem router is too warm and might overheat. Do the following:</li><li>1. Disconnect the power cord.</li></ul>	
	<ol> <li>Wait a couple of minutes to let the modem router cool down.</li> </ol>	
	3. Make sure that the modem router is placed in a vertical position.	
	<ol> <li>Make sure that the modem router is placed in a location with good ventilation.</li> </ol>	
	5. Reconnect the power cord.	

## **Troubleshoot Your Network Using the Ping Utility**

Most network devices and routers contain a ping utility that sends an echo request packet to the designated device. The device then responds with an echo reply. You can easily troubleshoot a network using the ping utility in your computer or workstation.

#### Test the LAN Path to Your Modem Router

You can ping the modem router from your computer to verify that the LAN path to your modem router is set up correctly.

#### > To ping the modem router from a Windows computer:

- 1. From the Windows toolbar, click **Start** and select **Run**.
- 2. In the field provided, type **ping** followed by the IP address of the modem router, as in this example:

#### ping www.routerlogin.net

3. Click the **OK** button.

You should see a message like this one:

Pinging <IP address > with 32 bytes of data

If the path is working, you see this message:

Reply from < IP address >: bytes=32 time=NN ms TTL=xxx

If the path is not working, you see this message:

Request timed out

If the path is not functioning correctly, you might be experiencing one of the following problems:

• Wrong physical connections

For a wired connection, make sure that the numbered LAN port LED is lit for the port to which you are connected.

Check that the appropriate LEDs are on for your network devices. If your modem router and computer are connected to a separate Ethernet switch, make sure that the link LEDs are lit for the switch ports that are connected to your computer and modem router.

• Wrong network configuration

Verify that the Ethernet card driver software and TCP/IP software are both installed and configured on your computer.

Verify that the IP address for your modem router and your computer are correct and that the addresses are on the same subnet.

### Test the Path From Your Computer to a Remote Device

After verifying that the LAN path works correctly, test the path from your computer to a remote device.

- 1. From the Windows toolbar, click the **Start** button and select **Run**.
- 2. In the Windows Run window, type

#### ping -n 10 </P address>

where <IP address> is the IP address of a remote device such as your ISP DNS server.

If the path is functioning correctly, messages like those shown in the previous section display.

If you do not receive replies, check the following:

- Check to see that the IP address of your modem router listed as the default gateway on your computer. If DHCP assigns the IP configuration of your computers, this information is not visible in your computer Network Control Panel. Verify that the IP address of the modem router is listed as the default gateway.
- Check to see that the network address of your computer (the portion of the IP address specified by the subnet mask) is different from the network address of the remote device.
- Check to see that your cable or DSL modem is connected and functioning.
- If your ISP assigned a host name to your computer, enter that host name as the account name on the Internet Setup page.
- Your ISP might be rejecting the Ethernet MAC addresses of all but one of your computers.

Many broadband ISPs restrict access by allowing traffic only from the MAC address of your broadband modem. If your ISP restricts access to the MAC address of a single computer connected to that modem, configure your modem router to "clone" or "spoof" the MAC address from the authorized computer.

# **Supplemental Information**



This appendix covers the following topics:

- Factory Settings
- Technical Specifications

## **Factory Settings**

You can return the modem router to its factory settings. Use the end of a paper clip or a similar object to press and hold the **Reset** button on the back of the modem router for at least seven seconds. The modem router resets and returns to the factory configuration settings shown in the following table.

Feature		Default setting
Modem router	User login URL	www.routerlogin.com or www.routerlogin.net
login	User name (case-sensitive)	admin
	Login password (case-sensitive)	user-generated password
Local network	LAN IP	192.168.0.1
(LAN)	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
	DHCP server	Enabled
	DHCP range	192.168.0.2 to 192.168.0.254
	DHCP starting IP address	Configured by the Internet provider
	DHCP ending IP address	192.168.0.254
	DMZ	Disabled
	Time zone	As per the ISP/MSO ToD (time of day) Configuration
	Time zone adjusted for daylight saving time	As per ISP/MSO ToD (time of day) server configuration
	SNMP	Enabled
Cable modem firewall	Inbound (communications coming in from the Internet)	Disabled (except traffic on port 80, the HTTP port)
	Outbound (communications going out to the Internet)	Enabled (all)
WiFi	WiFi communication	Enabled
	SSID name	See the product label
	Security	WPA2-PSK (AES)
	Broadcast SSID	Enabled
	Country/region	United States
	RF channel (2.4 GHz)	Auto <sup>1</sup>

#### Table 4. Factory default settings

Table 4.	Factory	default settings	(continued)
----------	---------	------------------	-------------

Feature		Default setting
WiFi (continued)	RF channel (5 GHz)	CH 153 (or manually select channels I and 4)
	Operating mode	Up to 600 Mbps at 2.4 GHz, 1300 Mbps at 5 GHz

1. Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11 specifications. Actual throughput can vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate.

## **Technical Specifications**

Table 5. Modem router specification
-------------------------------------

Feature	Description
Data and routing protocols	TCP/IP, DHCP, Dynamic DNS, UPnP, and SMB
Internal power adapter (North America)	120V, 60 Hz, input 12V/3.5A DC output
Dimensions	245.36 x 211 x 43.18 mm (9.66 x 8.31 x 1.7 in.)
Weight	Weight: 725.75 g (1.6 lb)
Operating temperature	0° to 40°C (32° to 104°F)
Operating humidity	90% maximum relative humidity, noncondensing
Electromagnetic emissions	FCC Part 15 Class B
LAN	10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX or 1000BASE-T, RJ-45
WAN	24 x 8 DOCSIS 3.0 WAN Interface
Wireless	Maximum wireless signal rate complies with the IEEE 802.11 standard. See the footnote for <i>Table 4, Factory default settings</i> .
Radio data rates	Auto Rate Sensing
Data encoding standards	IEEE 802.11ac 2.0 IEEE 802.11n version 2.0 IEEE 802.11n 256QAM IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11b 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.11a 5.0 GHz
Maximum computers per wireless network	Limited by the amount of WiFi network traffic generated by each node (typically 50–70 nodes)
Operating frequency range	2.4 GHz: 2.412–2.462 GHz 5 GHz: 5.18–5.24 + 5.745–5.825 GHz
802.11 security	WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA+WPA2